WEATHER DATA APPEAR ON PAGE 14

table "no matter what" and he in-

vited Mr. Papandreou to Warsaw

The Chinese foreign minister, Huang Hua, received an excep-tionally warm welcome by Mr. An-

dropov during the Kremlin recep-

tion when he was singled out for a

four-minute conservation, holding

up the line of dignitaries waiting to

Mr. Huang was reported to have

Prime Minister Pierre Elliott

Trudeau of Canada conferred with

Mr. Tikhonov, who also received

Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy of France while Mr. Gromyko received Prime Minister Zenko

The diplomatic activity involved

32 heads of state, 15 prime ministers, numerous foreign ministers and various dignitaries ranging from Yasser Arafut, the head of

the Palestine Liberation Organiza-

tion, to UN Secretary-General Jav-

cle not seen here since the death of

The funeral itself was a specta-

ier Perez de Cuéllot. ___

delayed his departure from here

until Wednesday in order to meet with Mr. Gromyko and probably

soon after Jan 15.

greet the new leader.

other Soviet officials.

Suzuki of Japan.

ESTABLISHED 1887

PARIS, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1982

No. 31,023

Brezhnev Is Buried in Red Square

40 Leaders Pay Respects At Funeral

By Dusko Doder -Washington Post Service

MOSCOW — Leonid Hyich Brezinev, who ruled the Soviet Union for the last 18 years, was buried with military Honors Monday in

Red Square. With the sounds of bells, factory and ship sirens and artillery gun salutes ringing from Yladivostok on the Pacific Ocean to Kaliningrad on the Baltic Sea, Mr. Bre-zhnev's body was lowered into the

Diplomats believe Andropov wants to tighten discipline throughout Soviet society. Page 2.

ground next to the grave of Stalin at 12:45 P.M.

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Several of his close colleagues wept openly during the final mements of the ceremony behind the Lenin mausoleum as Mr. Brezhnev's wife, Viktoria, and daughter, Galina, followed the tradition of Russian orthodoxy by kissing the dead leader's forehead and lips before the coffin was closed.

Yuri V. Andropov, who succeeded Mr. Brezhnev as the general secretary of the Soviet Communist Party, led other senior officials to the grave site to throw handfuls of earth into the grave.

Numerous foreign representa-tives, including more than 40 political leaders, watched the ceremony in what for Moscow was extraordinarily mild and dry weather. The U.S. vice president, George Bush, led the U.S. delegation, which included Secretary of State George P. Shultz and Arthur A. Hartman, the ambassador to Moscow.

In his funeral oration, Mr. Andropov struck a moderate tone in contrast to recent Kremlin pronouncements. Apart from one critical reference to "the forces of imperialism," Mr. Andropov praised Mr. Brezhnev as an "outstanding fighter for a secure peace" and said that the Kremlin

remained ready "for honest, equal and mutually beneficial cooperation" with any country.
"Farewell, dear Leonid Tyich,"
Mr. Andropov said at the end. Your cause will be continued in

the deeds of our party and peo-Marshal Dmitri F. Ustinov, the



Viktoria Brezhnev, 74-year-old widow of the Soviet president, was aided by unidentified guards at the funeral Monday of her husband. Behind, at her immediate right, is Yuri Brezhnev, her son.

defense minister, also sounded far less belligerent than he did eight days ago when he addressed the nation from the same spot in celebrations of the 65th anniversary of the Bolshevik revolution.

Mr. Brezhnev's closest political associate, Konstantin U. Chernenko, did not make an oration. Mr. Chernenko, 71, who was Mr. Andropov's main rival for the party leadership after Mr. Brezhnev died Wednesday at age 75, was also absent from the group of Soviet leaders who greeted foreign dignitaries at a Kremlin reception after the fu-

Monday's lineup atop the Lenin mausoleum provided no clues as to the relative strength of various personalities in the new leadership other than to make clear Mr. Andropov's preeminence. -

This was reinforced by the fact that at the reception in the ornate St. Georges Hall, Mr. Andropov was accompanied only by Prime Minister Nikolai A. Tikhonov, Foreign Minister Andrei A. Gro-myko and Vasily V. Kuznetsov. the figurehead first vice president - each without a political base of

After the reception, Mr. Andropov plunged into a series of private

half-hour meetings with foreign leaders. He saw Mr. Bush and Mr. Shultz, Prime Minister Indira Gan-dhi of India, President Karl Carstens and Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher of West Germany, President Mohammed Zia ul-Haq of Pakistan and President Babrak Karmal of Afghanistan.

The meetings with General Zia and Mr. Karmal were interpreted by diplomats here as indicating that Mr. Andropov may take an-other look at the Afghanistan problem, where the government is supported by some 100,000 Soviet

An entire series of related exchanges in the course of the day created an impression that many leaders visiting here were anxious to exploit the opportunity for direct contacts.

One of the most interesting moves was made by General Wojciech Jaruzelski, the highest ranking Polish military authority, who told Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou of Greece that he would lift martial law in Poland before Jan. 15. According to sources present at the meeting in the Greek Embassy, General Jaruzel-ski said he would stick to this time Andropov By Serge Schmemann New York Times Service

Bush Holds

Talks With

MOSCOW - Vice President George Bush met briefly Monday with the new Soviet leader, Yuri V. Andropov, in a session described by the Americans as "frank, cordi-al and substantive" and by the Russians as an exchange "on the fundamental matters of Soviet-U.S. relations.

Neither side offered further details, and shortly after the session in the Kremlin Mr. Bush flew to Zimbabwe to resume an African tour interrupted for the funeral of Leonid I. Brezhnev. Secretary of State George P. Shultz, who accompanied Mr. Bush to the funeral and to the meeting, also flew to Washington in the late afternoon.

Although the exchange between Mr. Bush and Mr. Andropov was Mr. Bush and Mr. Andropov was unlikely to have ranged far beyond a reiteration of policies. Western diplomats found it significant that Mr. Andropov had seen the Americans so early in his tenure.

The contact between the two leaders followed a state funeral for Mr. Brezhnev at which eulogies by both Mr. Andropov and Marshal Dmitri F. Ustinov, the Soviet defense minister, echoed recent Soviet speeches.

Mr. Andropov said Moscow will maintain "great vigilance" at a time when "the forces of imperialism are trying to push the peoples onto the road of hostility and military confrontation." He added, however, that "we are always ready for honest, equal and mutually beneficial cooperation with any state that is willing to cooper-

The choice of Marshal Ustinov to speak first after Mr. Andropov recalled the attention Mr. Brezhnev had lavished on the military in his last major speech on Oct. 27. Marshal Ustinov described Mr.

Brezhnev as "an outstanding architect of détente." But he also recalled the leader's "unflagging at-tention" to the armed forces. He described Mr. Brezhnev's actions to arm the military with the most redern of weapons as "exception-Still, the Russians seemed to

place some importance on Mr. Bush's presence. His meeting with Mr. Andropov was reported on ing television news, and Tass, the Soviet news agency, said the Soviet leaders expressed gratitude that the announcement raised "for the respect shown on the part of the U.S. administration for the memory of Leonid Brezhnev.

In a departure statement, Mr. Bush said the meeting gave "both sides the opportunity to exchange views on the state of their relations." He recalled that on arrival he said he had come "in a spirit of

seriousness and hope." He added, "As we leave Moscow, we are well aware of the difficult problems that confront us. The challenges, while enormous, are far from insurmountable." The United States . Mr. Bush said, would seek "the kind of constructive relations that can indeed move the world toward peace and pros-

The Tass account of the meeting said Mr. Andropov stressed that the Soviet Union "is ready to build relations with the U.S.A. on the basis of full equality, noninterference, mutual respect in the interests of the peoples of the two countries and normalization of the international situation."

The coffin of Leonid I. Brezhnev being carried to the grave Monday in Red Square. Among the pallbearers were, from left, Prime Minister Nikolai A. Tikhonov; Yuri V. Andropov, the new party leader, and Konstantin U. Chernenko, who was Mr. Brezhnev's closest political associate. Mitterrand Disputes Reagan On Allied Trade Agreement

By Axel Krause

International Herald Tribune PARIS — President Francois
Mitterrand said Monday that
France was prepared to continue
negotiating East-West trade policy,
on which President Ronald Reagan announced an allied ac-

cord on Saturday.

In his first public statement on the agreement, which was linked to the lifting of U.S. sanctions against companies helping to build the So-viet natural gas pipeline from Si-beria to Western Europe, Mr. Mitterrand said here that "France is not party to what is perhaps not

even an agreement."

He said that the agreement announced by Mr. Reagan "did not correspond to reality as far as France is concerned."

[The United States acknowledged Monday that an agreement had not been completed. The Associated Press reported from Washington. Alan Romberg, a State Department spokesman, said that the maresolved details were minor and that there was no reason to back away from the president's statement that the allies had reached "substantial agreement"

on a plan of action.] Mr. Mitterrand also questions about French sovereign-

"We accept negotiation," he said. But "we do not want France's freedom of decision to be modified by the talks which have not won the acceptance of the responsible authorities," he added. "I am responsible for the interests of the

The diplomats said that Mr. Mitterrand was displeased that Mr. Reagan had made the announcement unilaterally despite the French government's last-min-ute efforts to have the announce-

ment delayed. On the lifting of sanctions, Mr. Mitterrand said that "good sense has won the day."

A senior French diplomatic official, characterizing the state of U.S.-French relations, said, "We are faced with an incident, a small crisis, but not dramatic."

French senior officials said that the government is unhappy about the apparent unwillingness of the White House to consult its allies.

They cited a Reagan administra- has not yet resolved all problems tion announcement that the next summit meeting of industrialized nations will be held in Williams-

burg, Virginia, on May 27 and 28.

The date was chosen by Washington without consultations, the officials said. "The date is not convenient for us and we would have preferred scheduling the summit a month or two later.

■ U.K. Aide's View Withdrawal of U.S. sanctions

raised by their initial imposition, Lord Cockfield, Britain's secretary of state for trade, said in Washington Monday, the Washington Post

While the withdrawal of the sanctions by President Reagan "is good news for all of us," Lord Cockfield said in a speech, the U.S. assertion of a right to exercise its jurisdiction in other countries

Lifting of U.S. Sanctions Fails to Soothe Allies

By Bernard Gwertzman

Ronald Reagan's decision to lift some of the most stringent sanc-tions directed against the Soviet pipeline project is likely to become Washington and with some of the

ople in an out of the government are: Did Mr. Reagan seek a face-

NEWS ANALYSIS

saving way to back down in the face of a growing rift in the alliance and unhappiness in the U.S. business community? Or were the sanctions dropped in return for the allies' agreeing to a much tougher overall economic policy toward the

for those sanctions."

not been signed or made public, the officials said that France might be waiting before indicating its concurrence, thereby "delinking" the lifting of the sanctions from the policy agreement. Whether or not France agreed in private to the accord, or whether it

subsequently gives its assent, the alacrity with which France has dissociated itself from the Reagan statement will only increase the distrust in Washington of the Mitterrand government, which is perceived here as increasingly mischievous and publicly critical of Washington — even while privately telling the Americans they want to cooperate.

The French reaction also plays into the hands of those in and outside of the administration who are basically cynical about the Euro-peans, particularly their interest in expanding East-West trade.

Defense Secretary Caspar W Weinberger and his close aides. such as Richard Perle, were said to be in the lead in opposing any di-lution of the sanctions. They were overruled by the president, who was reportedly persuaded not only by Mr. Shultz but by his principa economic advisers, who felt the restrictions were not having much ef fect on stopping the pipeline, and moreover, were preventing U.S businesses from competing fo pipeline construction contracts.

Martin S. Feldstein, the chair man of the president's Council o Economic Advisers, gave a candic appraisal on Saturday when h said that while the pipeline sand tions had inflicted "some pain" of the Russians, "we were also creat ing some side effects for our allie and ourselves so it was an inefficient way to penalize the Rus sians.'

In Washington, outside of th administration, there is a wide spread view shared by many menbers of Congress and the press tha the administration has been look ing for several months for a wa out of the sanctions crisis the would avoid the impression of quick about-face by the president.

there were essentially two sets of sanctions imposed. The first, is sued last December after the impe sition of martial law in Polane

Walesa Says He Is on a 'Tightrope'

By Michael Dobbs

GDANSK, Poland - In celebrating his first full day of free-dom, Lech Walesa, the leader of the banned Solidarity trade union, said Monday that he was walking a political "rightrope."

Mr. Walesa told foreign corre-spondents in meetings at his home here that, before his release Sunday; he spent more than three hours listening to lectures delivered by officials at the prosecutorgeneral's office in Warsaw.

The officials were presumably warning him that, under martiallaw regulations, Mr. Walesa would face arrest or re-internment if he attempted to conduct union activi-

Mr. Walesa, who gained world ariention in August 1980 when he led the strike of shipyard workers here that led to the agreement with the government setting up inde-pendent trade unions, the first in the Communist bloc, said that he was both surprised and "very suspicious" when he first heard Wednesday that he would be

freed.
In insisting that his release had been unconditional, Mr. Walesa said Monday: "I signed nothing, I put myself under no obligations, I joined nothing, I was simply re-leased."

Aside from gaining weight, Mr. Walesa appeared to have changed little as a result of his 11 months in detention.

In the 24 hours since his release, Mr. Walesa has displayed the same canny political sense that marked him as a leader. His replies to questions on such sensitive matters as Solidarity's future were vague, which indicated that he was well aware of the risks and uncertainties confronting him.
In one of his interviews Monday

morning, Mr. Walesa said that he felt like a "man let out on a tightrope below which is the exercise yard of a prison - and the aghtrope is greased." He added, "I don't intend to slip off."

Mr. Walesa's advisers said that they have been urging him to go into seclusion, perhaps in a monastery, for a couple of weeks to consider his next move. But they said he was likely to stay in Gdansk until the end of the week. Asked what she thought her husband should do now that he was freed his wife, Danuta, said: 'His first chore is to look after his wife

and seven children." in an interview with a British. newspaper, The Guardian, General Wojciech Jaruzelski, the Polish leader, stressed that the military authorities intend to hold a tight rem-on Mr. Walesa, watching his



Lech Walesa is hailed by enthusiastic well-wishers as he arrives in his home district in Gdansk.

public statements, "especially to the Western press."

The dilemma confronting Mr. Walesa is that overcautious public statements could cost him support among a population that some observers view as having been "radi-calized" by 11 months of martial

Questioned about the Solidarity underground, which includes many of his former colleagues, Mr. Walesa said that its leaders were "following the dictates of their

Mr. Walesa promised to work for the release of the internees. He 'said: "I am with those who are still inside and will be with them right to sharing the last slice of bread. I come from the same stock as they

Mr. Walesa said that during his 11-month interament he thought about peaceful methods for reaching "a real national agreement" in Poland. "I worked the methods out theoretically in my mind and

now I must test them in practice,"

Despite the government's victory in declaring martial law and the mass arrests of Solidarity leaders on Dec. 13, Mr. Walesa said he believed that, in the long run, there could be "no return" from the Gdansk agreements that had led to Solidarity's birth.

"The spirit of the Gdansk agreements was great and it is immortal. It cannot be defeated," he said. As Mr. Walesa was giving his interviews, one of Solidarity's former underground leaders, Wladyslaw

Frasyniuk, was put on trial in the western city of Wroclaw, accused of organizing illegal strikes and demonstrations. Mr. Frasyniuk, a member of Solidarity's provisional coordinating commission, was arrested last month.

Mr. Walesa indicated that his release was precipitated by a letter he wrote Nov. 8 to General Jaruzelski proposing talks with the government and that a series of discussions followed.

military strength," according to a Senate report. Page 2.

■ Mission Control canceled a space walk by two shuttle asspace suits.

died in the seventh day of a fast until death. Economist Henry Kaufman

INSIDE

tronauts after problems developed with NASA's \$2-million

predicted that the U.S. budget deficit in fiscal 1983 would reach \$160 billion and said the

The Soviet Union has used large amounts of stolen and legally acquired U.S. technology to achieve "giant strides in

Acharya Vinoba Bhave, 87, one of the last surviving close disciples of Mahatma Gandhi,

dollar's strength was endan-gering global stability. The Dow average dropped. Page 9.

22 percent.

The most dramatic increase in cent of the work force. "The statistics only tell what has

says that in the past decade, womalready happened," said Samuel en have overtaken men among in-surance adjusters, examiners and Ehrenhalt, commissioner of labor

women. By 1972, their number had risen to 26 percent, and last year, women accounted for 58 percent of those in that job category. Female bill collectors increased from 22 percent in 1961 to 37 percent in 1971 to 63 percent last

gories where women are still a small minority. In 1971, 4 percent of the lawyers and judges in the United States were women. A dec-

the Labor Department figures was for engineers. In 1971, 1 percent of all engineers were women. In 1981, the figure had increased to 4 per-cent. But there are fewer women in engineering than in any other job category. The next smallest catego-ry is delivery and route workers. where women account for 9 per-

statistics for the Middle Atlantic region. "They don't even mention what's in the pipeline. When the women who are now in school join the work force, these figures will change even more dramatically." More than half of all college stu-

dents are women, and more than a fourth of all doctoral candidates, Mr. Ehrenhalt said. "In the 1970s," he continued,

"breaking down the barriers was the challenge. In the 1980s, the agenda for women is going to be promotion and pay. In the past women were glad enough to have the job. A nurse with 20 years experience made about the same as a nurse starting out. There was no concept of a career ladder, but there is now."

Labor Department statistics

Reacting to the report showing the gains made by women in maledominated occupations, Sally Steenland of the Center for Women and Work, a part of the National Commission on Working Wom-

"But," she added, "it makes you want to say, however. There is quite a lot of evidence, both researched and anecdotal, showing that when women enter any job category or profession in droves, that occupation loses status. Men don't want it anymore, and the salaries become lower. It happened to bank tellers in recent years, when women took that job over, and it happened a century ago when the male clerk was replaced by the

ders are women. "The first time you see a woman

making this argument: that over the long run, the agreement by the allies to join in formulating for the

However, that line was difficult

to sustain at the weekend because

there was still no unity in the alli-

ance. The government of President

Francis Mitterrand of France

seemed to undercut Mr. Reagan's

argument by stating Saturday that

it was not a party to the agree-

France as one of the "industrial-ized democracies" that had joined

in the new approach. And U.S. officials insisted, moreover, that the

French had agreed "substantially"

with the rest of the alliance to the

overall policy statement that Mr. Reagan described.

But because the document has

Mr. Reagan clearly had included

New York Times Service first time a comprehensive eco-nomic policy toward the Russians

WASHINGTON — President is a more impressive show of defi-ance to Moscor that the U.S., sanctions, which never had the support of the rest of the alliance. continuing source of dispute in

Some of the questions asked by

In his national radio address on Saturday, Mr. Reagan said it was the latter, that he had brought about a more united and cohesive alliance strategy toward Moscow. And, he said, because the East-West policy agreement "provides for stronger and more effective measures, there is no further need

That is the official line and the one that Secretary of State George P. Shultz used in the last two months to persuade the president to drop the original sanctions. In coming weeks, Mr. Shultz can be expected to take the lead in

More Women in U.S. Are Working In Jobs Traditionally Held by Men

By Frank J. Prial

New York Times Service NEW YORK - An increasin number of women in the United States are working at what used to be men's jobs. Despite the unemployment rate, the number of women working in the United States has risen 21 million, or 95 percent, over the past two decades, ecording to a new study by the U.S. Department of Labor many of the jobs they have taken are in categories that were once largely the province of men.
In fact, the Labor Department

investigators; bill collectors; real estate agents and brokers; photographic process workers; checkers, examiners and inspectors, and production-line assemblers. In 1961, 9 percent of the nation's insurance adjusters were

According to the Labor Department figures, percentage increases have been dramatic even in cate-

ade later they accounted for 14 showed that the median annual earnings of a woman working full time in 1981 represented 59.8 percent of the country's physicians. In 1981, they accounted for cent of the earnings of her male counterpart.

en, said "This is very, very good

female secretary." To Miss Steenland, the movement of women in numbers into jobs such as bus driving and bartending is encouraging because "it changes our perception of who is a bus driver." According to the Labor Department figures, 47 percent of all bus drivers and barten-

driving the bus, you are a bit star-tled," she said. "The second time, you don't give it another thought, and the barrier is down."

The background to this is tha

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

WASHINGTON - The Soviet Union, in what appears to be a carefully planned program approved by the Kremlin's top leadership, has used large amounts of stolen and legally acquired U.S. technology to achieve "giant strides in military strength," ac-

cording to a Senate report. The report, released Saturday by the Senate permanent subcommittee on investigations, was based on a declassified Central Intelligence Agency study and on testimony that disclosed, among other things, how Soviet agents set up a U.S.

cessor manufacturing equipment

ment establishment is viewed by the Soviets as a mother lode. ... In fact, they tap into it so frequently that one must wonder if they regard U.S. R and D as their own national asset," Jack Verona of the Defense Intelligence Agency told the subcommittee last May.

Soviet efforts to obtain the technology came at a time when Yuri V. Andropov, the new Soviet leader, headed the KGB, the security

Lifting of U.S. Sanctions Fails to Soothe Europeans

(Continued from Page 1) tightened restrictions on U.S. companies trying to do business with the Russians.

The more contentious sanctions that caused the rift in the alliance occurred after the Versailles eco-nomic summit meeting in June. Broadly worded agreements were worked out at Versailles on ways of tightening controls on exports to the Russians, but Mr. Mitterrand publicly said later that nothing had been agreed to that would hamper French trade with the Rus-

This so irritated the president that, at the urging of his national security adviser, William P. Clark, and Mr. Weinberger, he ordered that the sanctions be expanded. He ordered that foreign affiliates of U.S. companies and independent companies under license to U.S. companies also be barred from participating in the pipeline con-struction, even if they were doing so under contracts signed before the Polish crisis.

Alexander M. Haig Jr., then sec- Shultz Will Visit retary of state, argued that such a move would cause an unnecessary split in the alliance, because companies in Britain, France, Italy and West Germany were directly in-

4 Die in Atlantic Sinking

PLYMOUTH, England - Six seamen were rescued but four were drowned and another was missing and presumed dead after a Scot-tish freighter sank in the Atlantic during the night, Lloyds Shipping Intelligence said Monday. The 1,600-ton Nisam, carrying a cargo of phosphate from Casabianca, developed a list in strong winds about 85 miles (136 kilometers) off

to the Soviet Union.

"The U.S. research and develop-

volved. He was overruled by the National Security Council while he was not in Washington. Mr. Haig said later it was one of the final

"straws" leading to the acceptance of his resignation a week later. Even before succeeding Mr.

Haig, Mr. Shultz had opposed the use of trade sanctions to bring about political changes in the Soviet Union. He set out as the new secretary to find a formula that would allow Mr. Reagan to appear not to have compromised on principles but that would also end the dispute in the alliance.

According to his aides, Mr. Shultz succeeded where Mr. Haig failed by avoiding being put into a confrontation with Mr. Wein-berger. Mr. Shultz did not argue, they said, that the sanctions were wrong, but rather that the overall agreement with the allies would be a much more effective weapon and a fair trade-off for the sanctions being dropped.

7European Nations

United Press International
WASHINGTON — The State
Department said Monday that Secretary of State George P. Shultz will make a two-week trip to seven West European nations Dec. 6 through Dec. 20.

He will visit West Germany, Belgium, the Netherlands, Italy, France, Spain and Britain. Mr. Shultz will represent the United States at the ministerial meeting of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization in Brussels, and then discuss bilateral and multilateral issues with the European governments, the State Departyears that was led by Senator Sam Nunn, Democrat of Georgia, now the subcommittee's ranking minor-

It charges the Commerce Department with slipshod enforcement of trade controls and calls on the U.S. intelligence community and law enforcement agencies to be more aggressive in stemming the flow of microelectronic, laser, radar and precision manufacturing technology to the Russians.

In detailing a pattern of at-tempted theft, bribery and other abuses by the Russians, it appears to buttress the Reagan administration's campaign for tough restrictions on trade involving products and processes with a potential mil-

itary application.
On Saturday, President Ronald Reagan announced that the allies, including Japan, had agreed to im-prove the monitoring of high-tech-

Vietnamese Plan Attack on Rebels, Son Sann Asserts

PARIS - Vietnamese troops are preparing a major attack against military forces fighting Cambodia's Hanoi-backed government, Son Sann, a former prime minister of Cambodia and now a leader in a coalition of groups opposing the Phnom Penh government, said

Vietnam, which has 300,000 troops in Cambodia, was preparing to attack guerrilla concentra-tions near the Thai border, he said. Mr. Son Sann said that he would go to Beijing at the end of the week to seek weapons, and that China had previously given the resistance forces military aid in small quantities. He added that his Na-

tional Front for the Liberation of

the Khmer People had 11,000 fighters. He said that he and Prince Norodom Sihanouk, the former Cam-bodian chief of state, who is also in the resistance coalition, intended to visit several African countries to seek support for the coalition before the conference of nonzligned nations meets in New Delhi in March.

dian Is Killed Thai military sources said Monday that a Cambodian civilian was killed and 10 others injured when Vietnamese-backed troops fired five rockets Sunday into the Nong Chan encampment on the Thai-Cambodian border, The Associated Press reported from Ara-

company that transferred \$10 mil-lion worth of sensitive micropro-investigation of more than two ion, while lifting trade sanctions ion, while lifting trade sanctions on oil and natural gas equipment with no direct military application.

Although there is broad agreement that the Russians are engaged in a massive effort to acquire Western technology by any means, the extent of the damage to national security is a subject of de-

A declassified CIA study released last April said the Soviet Union has been able to obtain aircraft catapult technology, precision ball bearings needed for missile accuracy and gyroscopes.

The study said Western microelectronics know-how "has permitted the Soviets to systematically build a modern microelectronics industry which will be the critical basis for enhancing the sophistica-tion of future Soviet military systems for decades."

Soviet Ryad computers, for example, are patterned after IBM 360 and 370 mainframe computers purchased in the West.

Nevertheless, some industry representatives have questioned whether the Russians, given their difficulties in mastering complex manufacturing techniques, can effectively utilize information they have been receiving.

Bobby R. Inman, the former CIA deputy director, acknowledged in his testimony to the subcommittee that the agency is in the early stages of examining the problem. As a result, the government has only piecemeal evidence of what the Soviet military has ob-

During five days of hearings in May, witnesses detailed several Soviet intelligence operations against U.S. "high tech" industries.

The boldest espionage effort in-volved a West German named Werner J. Bruchhausen, who set up a group of companies in West Germany and southern California with the help of a U.S. accomplice known as Tony Metz, a naturalized American born in the Soviet

Between 1970 and 1980, Mr. Bruchhausen's companies bought computer-aided design equipment, photo-lithographic equipment for making integrated circuits and other equipment needed to make quality microprocessors. The equipment was transferred to the Soviet Union via the German com-

Another case involved a Belgian businessman named Marc Andre DeGeyter, who offered to pay an executive of a Reston computer software company \$150,000 for the code to the company's computer program, valued at \$10 million. He was eventually arrested and served



President João Figueiredo voting by paper ballot.

Voters Reach Polls Early in Brazil In First Free Ballot Under Military

RIO DE JANEIRO — The first of nearly 60 million registered voters began marking ballots Monday in the first nationwide free elections in Brazil since the armed forces took power 18 years ago. People were waiting in line when polling stations opened in schools, government offices and athletic clubs.

"It's taking voters longer to mark their ballots than we expected," said Mario Simas, president of the 22th Electoral Section in Rio de Janeiro near Copacabana Beach. "But that's probably because there are many candidates."

President João Figueiredo. a retired army general who has promised a return to civilian rule, called the elections for state governors, federal congressmen, state legislators and municipal officials "a great moment," and said he was confident his fellow countrymen would reject "demagogues and adventurers."

Campaign workers from the five contesting parties were at the doors of many polling stations illegally handing out model ballots with the names of their candidates already filled in. Policemen tended to look the other way.

Israelis Are Skeptical Of Hussein Remarks

By William E. Farrell

JERUSALEM - Israeli government officials say they are skeptical of what appear to be concilia-

view with the king this month in which, among other things, he said he had urged the Palestine Liberation Organization to recognize Israel in an effort to speed up the search for peace in the Middle

dent Ronald Reagan's peace plan, which seeks a Jordanian federation with the Palestinians living in Israeli-occupied territories captured during the 1967 war. The Reagan plan has been rejected by the Israeli government as a threat to is-

One official said that recognizing Israel's right to exist, tacitly or otherwise, was not very helpful if the king did not plan to follow

The Begin government is also displeased that King Hussein appeared to be conducting diplo-

macy through television.

"He has the channels to inform

Asked whether it would be pos-"Camp David is the only process now. It was good enough for Egypt. We don't see it as being The Labor Party took an entire-ly different view. Recently, the

Pentagon Expected To Modify F-18 Despite Poor Test

wires sticking out of a fire extin-guisher packed in a plastic bag placed near cars parked next to the building's main household gas pipes, police said. Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — The Penta-The military police called in German experts who destroyed the time fuse attached to the homegon is not expected to cancel the F-18 this year despite findings by Navy test pilots that the attack version of the plane did not diate indication of who had plant-

> recently that they will concentrate instead on providing more fuel for the twin-jet F-18 so that it can travel farther.

When the F-18 failed part of its combat test over the Pacific, the biggest single shortcoming was its failure to make a 550-mile (880-kilometer) round trip carrying a bomb load, Navy leaders said.

buy as many as 1,366 fighter and attack versions of the F-18 for the Navy and Marine Corps under a \$40-billion program. But whether the program will be completed is an open question. It is expected to be argued fiercely in Congress.

party had indirect contacts with the Jordanian leader. A delegation of officials from the Israeli-occupied West Bank visited the king after talks with Labor Party officials. Last week the Labor Party is-

sued a statement saying that the "clear public recognition by Hussein of Israel's right to exist is of great political significance in re-lations between Arabs and Israelis."

"In the light of this situation, the deafness of the government is astonishing," the party said.
"They're completely ignoring the important political developments

Militiamen Clash In New Battle in Central Lebanon

The Associated Press
BEIRUT — New machine gun
and mortar battles between rightist
Christian and leftist Druse Moslem militiamen were reported Monday in Lebanon's central mountains. More than 50 people have been killed there in four

weeks of sectarian fighting.
Meanwhile, President Amin
Gemayel met Monday with King Fahd of Saudi Arabia in Riyadh, the official Saudi press agency reported. Diplomatic sources in the Saudi capital said Mr. Gemayel asked the king for economic aid to rebuild the Lebanese economy.

The Voice of Lebanon radio station of the rightist Christian Phalange party said that Christian and Druse gunmen exchanged fire overnight in the town of Aley, 12 miles (20 kilometers) southeast of Beirut, and the villages of Kfar Him and Benawati in the Chouf

province south of Aley. Police said a car bomb exploded late Sunday in the Druse-populated village of Aramoun, nine miles south of Beirut, killing a pedestrian and wounding four others. A similar car bomb explosion on Sat-urday in Shweifat, five miles (eight kilometers) south of Beirut, left seven civilians dead and wounded, police said.

■ Dutch Refuse to Join Force The Netherlands will not provide troops to strengthen the multinational peacekeeping force in Beirut, the cabinet said in a letter to Parliament Monday, United Press International reported from The Hague, Britain, Belgium, Swe-den, Austria and South Korea also have been asked to join the exist-ing force, made up of U.S., Italian and French soldiers.

Bulgarian Chess Player Asks for Swiss Asylum

LUCERNE. Switzerland — A Bulgarian chess player taking part in the international chess olympiad here asked for political asylum in Switzerland Monday, according to one of her fellow players.

Igor Ivanov, a Canadian champion and himself a defector from the Soviet Union, said he escorted Tatiana Lemachko, 34, to the Lucerne police station Monday morning, where she filed for politi-cal asylum. Mrs. Lemachko was the Bulgarian women's chess champion in 1974 and 1975 and obtained the women's grandmaster

Russians Must Move First to Ease Tensions

Reagan and Kohl Agree

By Bernard Gwertzman New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — President Ronald Reagan and Chancellor Helmut Kohl of West Germany said in a joint statement Monday that the United States and West Germany were ready to broaden cooperation with the new Soviet leadership but only "if Soviet con-duct makes that possible."

At the conclusion of two hours of talks at the White House, the two leaders agreed on a basically conservative approach to the Kremlin Aides to both men said they rejected, in their conversation, Western concessions to the Russians, in the absence of moves by the new Soviet leaders to ease

"It is especially important at present for the West to approach the Soviet Union with a clear. steadfast and coherent attitude which combines the defense of its own interests with the readiness to pursue constructive relations, dialogue and cooperation with the leadership of the Soviet Union."

the joint statement said.
Administration officials said this was essentially the message that Vice President George Bush conveyed to Yuri V. Andropov, the new Soviet Communist Party leader, after the funeral of Leonid I. Brezhnev in Moscow on Mon-

day.
Mr. Reagan, in welcoming Mr. Kohl to the Washington for the first time since his accession last month to the chancellorship in Bonn, did not deviate from his own publicly tough position toward the Russians.

"In these uncertain times when a power to the East has built a massive war machine far in excess of any legitimate defensive needs, the Western democracies must stand firmly together if our free-dom and peace of the world are to be preserved." he said in his re-marks on the White House lawn. The German people are on the front lines of freedom."

Mr. Kohl, the leader of the Christian Democrats, who replaced the Social Democratic leader, Helmut Schmidt, as chancellor on Oct. 1, said in his remarks that the West German public remained solidly in support of the Atlantic

partnership.
"And to all Americans, there-

fore. I say today, most emphatically, you can count on your German friends," he said, speaking in German through an interpreter.

American and West German of. ficials said that the two leaders who had met when Mr. Kohl headed the West German opposition, got along very well. A State De-partment official said to reporters that "I know of no issue over which the two gentlemen

On Saturday, Mr. Reagan lifted the sanctions on West German and other companies involved in building the Soviet natural gas pipeline to Western Europe as the result, he said, of "substantial agreement" by the allies on an overall approach on economic relations to the Soviet Union.

France has insisted that Mr. mature, and that it had not agreed

to anything.

Mr. Kohl seemed to lend support to the American contention that an agreement had been worked out. The joint statement said that he and Mr. Reagan "greeted with satisfaction the recent agreement on measures lead-ing to a broader consensus on East-West economic relations."

"They attached the greatest importance to a common approach to this issue," the statement said.

Mr. Kohl, the statement said, told Mr. Reagan that he appreciated "the lifting of the embargo on

cil and gas technology and equip-ment, which he considered as evidence of successful efforts on the part of all concerned for improved coordination of Western policy in the economic field."

Sri Lanka Tamils Kill Ruling Party Supporter

United Press International COLOMBO -- Terrorists fighting for a separate Tamil state in northern Sri Lunka fatally shot 2 supporter of President Junius-R. Jayawardene's ruling United Na-tional Party on Monday, police

Defense Ministry sources said that three Catholic priests were rounded up in a raid Sunday for allegedly engaging in subversive activity, but it was not known if

WORLD BRIEFS

El Salvador Indicts 5 as Nuns' Slayers

SAN SALVADOR (AP) - A criminal court judge on Monday ordered five National Guardsmen to stand trial in the murder of three American nuns and a Catholic missionary in December 1980.

Judge Bernardo Rauda Murcia, who conducted the nine-month investigation here, ruled that there was enough evidence for a trial against the guardsmen. Details of the indictment have not been made public.

The case has added significance because of demands from the Reagan administration that this and other cases of alleged government brutality be stopped as a condition for continued U.S. aid.

Fanfani Seen as Candidate in Italy

ROME (AP) - Senate President Amintore Fanfani, a 74-year-old Christian Democrat who has been prime minister four times, emerged on Monday as a strong candidate to succeed Giovanni Spadolini and form

Italy's 43d postwar cabinet.

The resignation of Mr. Spadolini, 57, a Republican and the first prime minister since 1945 who was not a Christian Democrat, was accepted on Saturday after weeks of squabbling between the Socialists and Christian Democrats over economic policies, President Sandro Pertini asked Mr. Spadolini to continue as caretaker prime minister until a successor was

Party sources said the Christian Democrats, Italy's dominant party since the war, were rallying behind Mr. Fanfani, who heads the most powerful faction within the party. "If duty calls, I'd accept, but I will not volunteer," Mr. Fanfani told the magazine Oggi.

2 Lose Appeal in Korea Loan Scandal

SEOUL (UPI) — The Seoul Appellate Court on Monday upheld 15-year prison terms for the former deputy director of the Korean Central Intelligence Agency, Lee Chul Hee, and his wife, Chang Yong Ja. They were convicted in August of fraud, breach of trust and violation of

Ioreign exchange violations in connection with a \$1-billion loan scandal.

"All evidence shows that the couple violated established financial rules and committed fraud," the court said in announcing the ruling, Mr. Lee's personal secretary was acquitted and 11 other defendants were

given reduced sentences ranging from six months to four years for their part in the fraud, the largest in South Korean history.

Mr. Lee, 59, and his wife, 38, were arrested in April on charges of accepting and cashing \$1 billion in promissory notes through the country's highly lucrative underground money market. The scandal triggered the bankruptcy of two large companies; the Kongyung Construction Co. and Ilsshin Steel Co. It also severely burt the stock market and led to two

Senator Asks U.S. Cutback in Europe

WASHINGTON (AP) - In a preview of an expected Senate debate, Senator Ted Stevens said on Monday that the United States must cut back its troops in Europe promptly rather than await the outcome of

The Alaska Republican's remarks, prepared for a session of the military committee of the North Atlantic Assembly in London, were sharply at odds with a statement from Senator Charles H. Percy, a Republican from Illinois. Sen. Percy, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said he would fight "with all my energy and effort" against a troop reduction that has been proposed by the Senate Appropriations

Sen. Stevens was a principal architect of that proposal as chairman of the subcommittee on defense appropriations. The military appropria-tions bill, including the troop reduction, is expected to reach the Senate floor after Congress reconvenes on Nov. 29.

For the Record

LISBON (AP) - Angolan rebels belonging to the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola claimed responsibility here Monday for an attack Nov. 8 on two vital road and rail bridges. The bombing killed 57 Angolan troops. The Angolan government had blamed the

attack on South African forces.

PRETORIA (AP) — South Africa is again permitting the U.S. ambassador to keep a private sircraft, the U.S. Embassy said Monday, In April 1980, the South African government said U.S. officials had taken photographs of sensitive ground installations from the ambassador's plane.

JOHANNESBURG (Reuters) - The death toll from two mine disasters in South Africa Friday rose to 25 Monday, when three bodies were recovered and three missing men were declared dead, mine spokesmen said. Fourteen miners died at the Vaal Reefs gold mine 105 miles (170 kilometers) southwest of Johannesburg, and 11 were killed at the Ermelo

ers in Angola for three Soviet soldiers and a number of Angolan troops has been delayed until Tuesday, informed sources said late Monday. Dr. Piet Smith, the president of the South African Red Cross, said he understood that the exchange had been delayed by problems of timing, but that it would take place Tuesday in Lusaka, Zambia.

Quick Crackdown Expected From Andropov What will happen in foreign policy is harder to forecast. Mr. An-Mr. Brezhnev. If he is not to be By John F. Burns

New York Times Service MOSCOW - Diplomats assessof the Communist Party believe that he wants to make an early beginning on a tightening of disci-pline through the whole of Soviet society, to lessen inefficiency and waste that caused widespread disil-

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Leonid L. Brezhnev's tenure. mean an even more extensive crackdown on the dissident move-

NEWS ANALYSIS

try's chronic economic problems. But it could also mean some

survive Mr. Brezhnev, and the one most plainly committed to change. The diplomats predict that if Mr. Andropov has his way, which is far from certain, the first months of his tenure could see the beginning of a major crackdown on cor-ruption, a cutback on some aspects of the bureaucratic red tape that entangles the Soviet system and perhaps a move toward a slightly

Malaysia Seeks **Drug Control Aid**

said Monday. The deputy prime minister of Malaysia, Musa Hitam, on a threeday visit to Burma, told Burmese ministers of his worry that Malysia was becoming a corridor for illegal heroin from the triangle to markets

ment than the one Mr. Andropov

changes that many think are badly The view of Mr. Andropov as a potential reformer is fairly widely held among East European diplomats familiar with his career and among Westerners who have studied his speeches and writings closely. Over all, the diplomats say, the new party leader appears to be by far the most incisive of the 10 ac-tive members of the Politburo who

ess rigid economic system.

presided over during his 15 years as head of the KGB, the intelli-gence and internal-security agency. In addition, it probably heraldsa drive to curb the absenteeism, slothfulness and heavy drinking that have contributed to the coun-

RANGOON — Malaysia has asked Burma to help control the flow of drugs from the "golden triangle" opium-producing region on the borders of Burms, Laos and Thailand, authoritative sources

He proposed exchanging infor-

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The expectation of a tougher ap- dropov's writings and pronounce- swept aside by them before his ing the swift appointment of Yuri proach is also widespread among ments on detente with the West time, he may have to show prog-V. Andropov as general secretary ordinary Russians, and it could are ambiguous, in the sense that they have fluctuated over the years from enthusiastic to wary,

On balance, diplomats believe that he will seek better relations with the United States. But they say that Mr. Andropov, who speaks English, is likely to prove at least as tough a bargainer as Mr. Brezhnev, and possibly a good deal shrewder. At the KGB, Mr. Audropov was probably better placed than anybody in the leadership to know just how serious the country's internal problems were, and his agents abroad kept him well abreast of the rapid technological advances in the West. Both of

these factors seem likely to have left him with a keen appreciation of the benefits of East-West trade. Yet, all of these tendencies could bring about political and bureaucratic resistance, and few diplomats at this stage would predict that Mr. Andropov can prevail. Although he appears to have won the party leadership with the backing of the KGB and the military, which with the party constitute the key power blocs in the Soviet system, he may have to tread warily for some time while engaging the

loyalties of rival power groups or for nine years in Mr. Brezhnev's Politburo that he is a dedicated

overcoming them. Even with the sort of authority that was eventually built up by Khrushchev, who outmaneuvered his rivals during his early years as party leader and eventually gained mastery of the Kremlin, Mr. Andropov is not expected to chal-lenge anything fundamental. Mr. Andropov showed by his rise through party ranks, his steward-ship of the KGB and his survival

new party leader in his initial remarks. In a speech to the Central Committee meeting that appointed him general secretary on Friday, there was some of the orotund language that distinguished the pro-nouncements of Mr. Brezhnev. But

considering that the speech was cast largely as a eulogy to his predecessor, it was relatively spare and to the point. Some of the most significant indicators is his speech to the Central Committee lay in what he did not say. For example, he omitted any mention of the food program that was the most important do-mestic initiative of Mr. Brezhnev's last year. The program was intro-

Diplomats sensed some of the

energy and forthrightness of the

Brezhnev chronicling the failures of the country's agricultural sys-But when the details became known it amounted to little more than a tinkering with the present system, which has produced four

tary Police after they discovered

made bomb, a military spokesman

said. A Frankfurt police spokes-

man said that there was no imme-

disastrous harvests in a row.

duced with fanfare after years of

study and candid speeches by Mr.

Bomb Is Defused At U.S. Residence ESCHBORN, West Germany —
About 3.000 residents — most of.
them Americans — of a 26-story
apartment building here were
evacuated Sunday night while experts destroyed the time fuse set to trigger a 12-pound (5A-kilogram) bomb in the building's basement garage, police said Monday. Residents alerted the U.S. Mili-

Communist, with few of the incli-nations that Westerners would call Yet, within the Soviet context, there can be little doubt that Mr. Andropov is almost certainly an impatient man. At 68, he cannot be sure of holding power for more than a few years, and he must be keenly aware of the frustrations of the younger men, now in their 40s and 50s, who have been trapped at

Hotel Inter-Continental Karachi, Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed Road, Karachi, Pakistan,

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lower levels of the Soviet power diate indicate structure by the immobility in the ed the bomb.

New York Times Service

tory remarks made recently by King Hussein of Jordan. But members of the opposition Labor Party insist that the remarks constitute recognition of Israel by Hussein and that "the deafness of the government is astonishing." Much of the attention has focused on a BBC television inter-

The Jordanian leader said in the interview that the Arab world should coalesce in light of Presi-

rael's security.

through and "come to the negotiating table."
"If those statements are just statements," the official said. "then they are meaningless. If they are followed by actions, then they are hopeful. We don't feel we should be grateful for a statement saying we have a right to survive."

us," the official said. "He knows our address." sible for negotiations to proceed outside the framework of the Camp David accords, the official

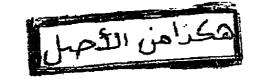
achieve the range required for antiship missions. Navy leaders said in interviews

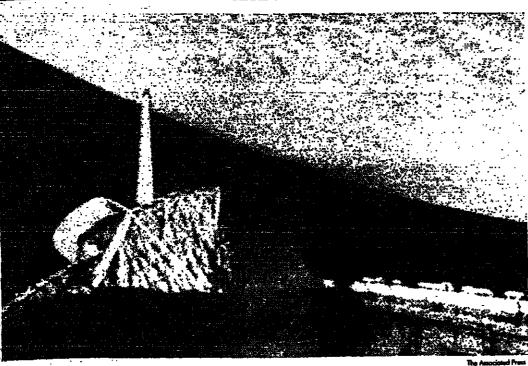
The Pentagon has said it will

coal mine, 120 miles east of Johannesburg.

JOHANNESBURG (AP) - The exchange of three American prison-

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The space shuttle transmitted this view of the Earth as it passed over the United States.

NASA Cancels Shuttle Space Walk After Problems Develop With Suits

CAPE CANAVERAL, Florida - The scheduled space walk by two of the four astronauts aboard the space shuttle Columbia was called off Monday an hour before it was to have taken place.

Mission Control in Houston decided to cancel the venture when problems developed with the newgeneration space suits worth \$2

The suit worn by Joseph P. Allen had a bad oxygen fan, and that of William B. Lenoir registered

Mr. Allen, 45, and Mr. Lenoir, 43, are the two scientists among the four-man crew. The other as-tronauts are Vance D. Brand, 51, the flight commander, and Colonel Robert F. Overmeyer, 46, of the

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13 Scandal

Marine Corps.

It was the first test of the suits. which have had a history of development troubles that more than

Officials of the National Aero-

extending the shuttle mission by a Wednesday, if the suits could be fixed. This would allow a space walk on Tuesday.

But this possibility was deemed remote, and the fifth shuttle flight was expected to end on schedule Tuesday — the canceled space walk as the only disappointment. With no more major tasks before the crew, Mr. Brand said Monday: We're looking forward to returning tomorrow.

The landing was scheduled for dawn at Edwards Air Force Base in the California desert.

The problems began shortly after Mr. Allen and Mr. Lenoir moved into the shuttle airlock to prepare for a three-and-a-half-hour stroll in the shuttle's open 60-foot

Mr. Allen's fan worked for a few minutes, then slowed, then

stopped.
It sounds like a motorboat; we nautics and Space Administration can hear it motorboating," Mr.

Lenoir told Mission Control. The fan is located in a life support backpack attached to the bulky suit; its function is to maintain a flow of oxygen through the suit while the spacemen are outside.

Officials then wanted Mr. Lenoir to test his suit in a space "standstill" by moving into Col-umbia's airlock, the ship's doorstep to space. That also had to be called off. Without pressurization, the human body would explode in

Mr. Allen and Mr. Lenoir were to have been the 28th and 29th American space-walkers, but the first to test the shuttle suits.

The suits were developed by the Hamilton Standard Division of United Technologies Corp. under a \$46.9-million contract covering 43 suits and 13 life-support systems. Problems, including an oxygen fire in an unmanned suit and a pressure leak because of failed stitching, contributed to cost over-

U.S. Assistance Alleged To Guatemala Military

MEXICO CITY — A leftist guerrilla group says it has found ocuments in the wreckage of a Guatemalan Air Force helicopter that indicate that the United States may be providing aid to Guatemalan military authorities in possible violation of congressional

The guerrillas, whose group is known as the Organization of People in Arms, say they found the material after they shot down the helicopter near Lake Autlan in Solola province on Oct. 15. Two colonels and four other men were reported killed in the crash.

Copies of the documents were made available to The New York Times in Mexico City by representatives of the insurgent group.

Guatemala renounced U.S military aid in 1977 to protest a critical report on human rights prepared by the Carter administration. Subsequent Guatemalan requests for a resumption of military assistance were then blocked by members of Congress concerned about continuing human rights violations. But the Reagan administration has recently indicated that it wishes to resume military sales, starting with spare parts for Huey military helicopters involved in the current counterinsurgency campaign.

Among the papers reported found in the crash is a letter from a Miami-based export broker. Conex Inc., to Colonel Mario Vasquez Maldonado, chief of logistics of the Guatemalan Air Force and one of the two officers killed in the helicopter crash. The letter, dated June 16 this year, speaks of a "transponder," part of aircraft communications equipment, to be overhauled in the United States for one of Guatemala's American-

made A-37 fighter planes.

The letter, written in Spanish and signed by a Conex employee, Mary Correia, also asked Colonel Vásquez to specify the models of other transponders "for various planes" that had apparently been previously requested.

Further, the letter refers to an unexplained government-to-government shipment. "We still have pending the 200 pounds that the Guatemalan Air Force must pick up at the Homestead Base in Flori-da." the letter went on. "I have to notify the base or the U.S. Logistics Section with 30 days' notice so they can move the cargo to Home-

In a interview, Armando Cobo. president of Conex, said similar shipments had been made once or twice in the last two years. He noted that the 200-pound (90-kilogram) cargo was being sent by the U.S. government to the Guatemalan Air Force.

"We're only coordinating," he said, "We don't know what it is and we don't want to know." Mrs. Correia, who sat in on the interview, added: "It's aircraft parts. What else could it be?"

Representative Michael D. Barnes, Democrat of Maryland, chairman of the House subcommittee on inter-American affairs. said in a telephone interview that he had been informed by the ad-ministration that it would decide shortly about the sale of helicopter parts to Guatemala.

"They have a commitment to get our approval," he said, "but they won't get our approval."

Okinawa Conservatives Win in 2 By-Elections

United Press International TOKYO - Conservative candidates swept the gubernatorial and parliamentary by-elections Monday in Okinawa, site of a U.S. mili-

Incumbent Governor Junji Nishime, 61, who was backed by the ruling Liberal Democratic Party and moderate opposition groups, was re-elected for a four-year term. Shinjun Oshiro, 55, a former Liberal Democratic member of the lower house, won an election to fill the upper house seat vacated by a leftist candidate.



Envoy's Immunity Tested in N.Y.

By Dovle McManus Los Angeles Tones Service

NEW YORK — It is one of the stranger stakeouts in the annals of crime — a mid-Manhattan face-off between the United States and

For more than six weeks, Nam Chol Oh, who is accused of attempted rape, has been holed up in an elegant Madison Avenue apartment building refusing to come out. Police initially camped out-side in case he tried to escape, but gave up after a day and now drive by only occasionally. The cops

matic immunity, the police cannot touch Mr. Oh, a staff member of North Korea's observer group at the United Nations, as long as he stays inside his delegation's officeapartment complex. But one false move — a walk around the block, and he faces a trial that

The facts are contested by all sides. But the basic circumstances

More than two months ago, on Sept. 5, Mr. Oh and several colleagues went on a Sunday afternoon picnic at a park in suburban

Westchester County, just north of New York City.

A 43-year-old Bronx woman, whose identity has not been disclosed, was also in the park. She told police that one of the diplomats chased her down a bridle path, tackled her from behind, threatened her with a rock and attempted to rape her. She said she fought her assailant off, fled and returned to the scene with police.

The Koreans were still there, police said, but the woman could not identify her assailant. Only later, apparently with the help of photons, did she name Mr. Oh as the attacker. On Sept. 21, two weeks after the incident, a warrant was issued for his arrest.

Initially, the North Koreans indicated that Mr. Oh would cooperate with court proceedings, but then the mission denounced the charges as lies and decided to invoke diplomatic immunity. So Mr. Oh retreated to his rooms in the 25-story building that houses the delegation's offices and personal quarters, a stationary fugitive. Three-way negotiations began among the North Koreans, the State Department and the United

Behind the stalemate lies a basic disagreement over how widely dip-lomatic immunity should be ex-

The immunity doctrine, devised to prevent nations from imprison-ing each other's envoys for political reasons, has often been interpreted broadly.

to more than \$107 million.

Foreign diplomats in Washing ton and New York have used their immunity not only to ignore parking tickets — more than \$4 million worth in the two cities last year but also to dodge occasional accusations of hit-and-run driving, drug smuggling, whiskey bootleg-ging, debt-ducking and old-fash-ioned barroom brawling.

Increasingly, however, the State Department has been applying the formally known as "9 to 5" immunity. That grants immunity to less-

In the case of Mr. Oh, the State Department says that the North Koreans enjoy only functional immunity because their country does not have full membership in the United Nations. But while Mr. Oh does not have immunity, the North Korean complex does — thus frustrating the police.

The North Koreans refused to comment on the case. But UN officials said the Koreans are insisting that they should enjoy complete immunity and are keeping Mr. Oh locked up until the issues is re

Grapes need careful tending, as any wine lover and vintner knows.

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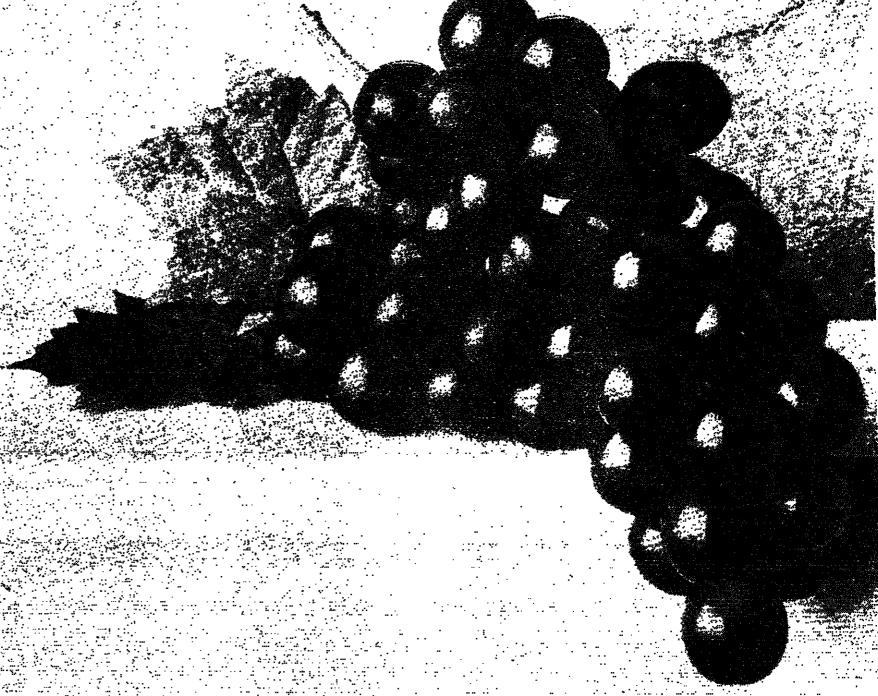
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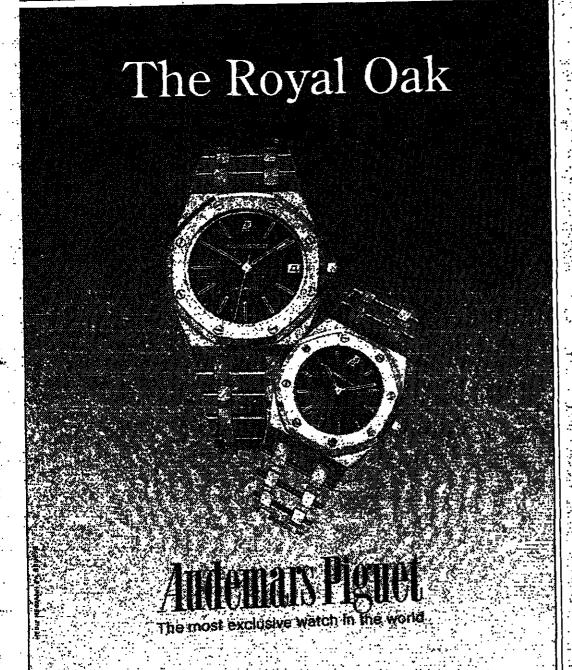
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Royral, a fungicide discovered by Rhone-Poulenc, can prevent fungus from developing on grapes or other fruits and vegetables.



Herald INTERNATIONAL Eribune Published With The New York Times and The Westington Post

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Reagan and Namibia

Namibia is back in the diplomatic news. A colony of South Africa, it should have gained independence decades ago. The United Nations General Assembly pushed the issue for years in vain. President Jimmy Carter then arranged to have the United States, Britain, France, West Germany and Canada take over the project, under Security Council aegis. He, too, fell short, for one reason: because the South Africans felt they might get a better deal from Ronald Reagan. So far, in a

kind of self-defeating way, they have. What happened is that Mr. Reagan put a new demand on the table: The Cubans in Angola must go home. This was risky. Everyone sees the natural linkages: If Namibia were independent the SWAPO guerrillas would not need sanctuaries in Angola, and without those sanctuaries South Africa would not run attacks into Angola, and if Angola were not threatened it could send its Cuban militia home, and if there were no war across the border, the South African-supported insurgency in southern Angola could more easily be diverted to political channels. But these are connections best kept fluid and informal. The U.S. administration hardened them up.

The result is the frustration of all three of the administration's goals in southern Africa. The Cubans remain in Angola, Namibia,

which is also known as South-West Africa, is still denied its independence. Nor has there been a detectable return, either a softening in Namibia or an easing of apartheid, on the policy of "constructive engagement" (improved relations) with South Africa itself.

The requirement now, it would seem, is to heed the other four of the five Western negotiators and to loosen up the Namibia-Angola linkage. South Africa will remain reluctant to yield power in Namibia to SWAPO, the main guerrilla force and the almost certain winner in any elections. But perhaps some flexibility can be imparted to the talks. There appears to be some factional play among Angolans on the Cuban presence — enough in any event to give American diplomats some hope that it is worth staying at the Namibia table. As a practical matter, it is said, the South Africans will not free Namibia until the Cubans leave: The Botha government, hard-pressed anyway, might topple. But also as a practical matter, the U.S. focus on the Cubans allows South Africa to ship the difficult choices confronting it. As desirable as it would be for the Cubans to leave Angola, it is impractical, and unfair, to try to make the independence of Namibia formally contingent upon that happening now.

-THE WASHINGTON POST.

The Names of Vietnam

During the Vietnam War, the names belonged to the peace movement. Demonstra-tors marched past the White House shouting the names of those who had fallen. In a single extraordinary stroke of journalism, Life magazine may have helped turn millions against the war simply by printing the names and pictures of those who had died in the course of a single week

Thursday, the names were the focus of another gathering in Washington: the dedication of the Vietnam Veterans Memorial. Activities included a parade, an Army band concert, an Air Force fly-by, church services -and a reading of the names.

The names are also the main feature of the memorial itself; those of all 57,692 American servicemen and women who died in Vietnam are inscribed on its gleaming walls of black granite. Controversy over the somberness and modernist simplicity of the walls recalls domestic conflict over the war.

The names also memorialize the historic crisis of authority that Vietnam brought on American society. Conflicts between generations, classes and races took shape around the war. The mounting death toll added tragic force to the debate, and brought it directly home to 58,000 American families.

Their questions would not be ignored: Could the policies and the officials sending young Americans to their deaths be trusted? Did the best and the brightest in Washington understand Vietnam? Or were they clinging too stubbornly to anticommunist ideology and to military tactics that did not work? Did the investment of lives, the list of names that grew each week, only drive them, ever more solated, to seek vindication?

Promoters of the memorial, which was built with private donations, hope last week's ceremonies will heal some of the lingering divisions and finally give Vietnam veterans a rightful sign of national gratitude. Let it stand for that gratitude; let it also stand for the promise that America will not again so unquestioningly send its young to war.

— THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Other Opinion

Pipeline Lessons

America's pipeline sanctions, inflicted on a bewildered and angry Europe last summer, died with the final autumn leaves this weekend. Since the sanctions came into force two months ago, a huddle of Western officials in Washington has been searching for a form of words with which to bury the misbegotten enterprise. France's brisk denunciation of even this face-saving compromise exposes the exercise for what it is — a unilateral American advance, followed by a unilateral American retreat.

There are some lessons for Washington here. Don't suddenly announce a painful economic policy and expect your allies to troop into line. Don't hector for the sake of domesthe arms of multinational companies - the conflicts of sovereignty and business imperialism are acute enough already. And perhaps most important, don't brush aside the imperatives of politics in other lands whilst you yourself - over grain exports to Russia are bending desperately before your own pohucal winds.

- The Guardian (London).

The IMF and Pretoria

In deciding to grant South Africa the \$1.07-billion credit it had sought to help overcome payment difficulties, the International Monetary Fund avoided falling into the trap of politicization. The agency remained true to its vocation as a world banker.

By coincidence, the IMF approval came al-most the same day as four legislative by-elections in South Africa. They were considered a major test for the National Party of Prime Minister Pieter W. Botha against the hardline dissidents of Andries Treurnicht, a former minister. The schism between the two groups seven months ago was occasioned by the hostility of the latter group to proposed constitu-tional reforms that would have associated the coloreds and Indians to the management of

the white's political affairs. The voters sent a clear message: The National Party of Mr. Botha was largely victorious over its extreme-right opponents. An IMF "blockade" almost certainly would have served to radicalize a white South African population that has still not completely moved away from a "siege mentality."

— Paul Cambon in Les Echos (Paris).

It is hard to justify the extension of a \$1.07billion credit to Pretoria by an agency of the United Nations, whose General Assembly ousted South Africa in 1974 because of its generally abhorred racist policies.

The impropriety of making this massive

loan is further underscored by disclosures in an unpublished, but recently publicized, United Nations study. It shows that South Africa has used past IMF credits to assist in its military buildup and in enforcing apar-theid — and that it is expenditures of this kind that account largely for the nation's balance-of-payments problems.

A number of large commercial banks in the United States have refused, on principle, to make loans to the South African govern-ment because of its apartheid policies. The

— The Westerly (Rhode Island) Sun.

The Kabul Road

It is now almost three years since the Soviet Union invaded Afghanistan and installed Babrak Karmal as the nominal head of the country. The guerrillas cannot apparently unite their forces. They seem to lack high-quality leadership, since Afghan society has suffered from a brain drain that affects both the regime and its opponents.

There is therefore no evident alternative to the present regime, unless and until its opponents unite under a responsible and capable leadership; and that appears unlikely. So Afghanistan will have to continue to endure an occupation seemingly without end. It merely remains for the West to see that the price the Soviet Union has to pay is kept high. — The Times (London).

Turkish Objectives

It is arguable that Turkey's military rulers have deceived themselves as to the feasibility of their objectives. Democracy as practiced in Turkey over the past decades has been far from ideal, but given the background it is unrealistic to judge it by West European standards. And now almost every politician who was prominent prior to antumn 1980 has banned for 10 years (which in practice means forever) from future activity. This means the elimination of an entire generation with experience in democratic government under very difficult circumstances.

- Neue Zurcher Zeitung (Zurich).

NOV. 16: FROM OUR PAGES 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1907: Dissension in Spain

MADRID — Spain is passing through one of the most serious periods of her internal life. Pessimists predict a civil war in the near future. The present political struggle between the Catalan deputies who form Solidaridad, the opposition party, and the rest of the Spanish deputies, who think that the present Spanish organization is almost perfect, is be-coming very bitter, and the Spanish Congress may shortly be the scene of efforts similar to those of the Irish party in the British Parliament and the Hungarians in the Austrian Diet. Barcelona hates Madrid, and Madrid detests Barcelona. Madrid represents tradi-

tion, and is thus thoroughly opposed to Bar-

1932: A Smooth Transition

PARIS - Today's editorial in the Herald reads: "The willingness of President Herbert Hoover and the president-elect to discuss pressing problems, so that the nation in such critical times can meet an issue such as the allied war debts with a united front, indicate that both men put the welfare of the country far above partisan politics. The action of President Hoover in inviting the president-elect to the White House with the candid statement that he is loath to act without personally consulting the incoming president, as well as Mr. Roosevelt's acceptance, cannot but allay the fears of business and finance during the period of uncertainty between election and inauguration."

JOHN HAY WHITNEY (1904-1982), Chairman KATHARINE GRAHAM and ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER, Co-Chairman LEE W. HUERNER, Publisher

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A Republican 'Lock' on the Presidency

DALLAS - Horace Busby, the wise old former aide to Lyndon
B. Johnson who now explains Washington and national politics to business clients, is the inventor of the concept of the "Republican lock" on

Mr. Busby pointed out a couple of years ago that in the Southern and Western states that now control almost half the Electoral College votes, Democratic presidential victories have become so rare that under almost any circumstances, the Republican nominee has to be considered the

favorite for the White House. Mr. Busby himself stretched the theory beyond the borders of the Sunbelt to include such Republicaninclined states as Maine, Indiana, New Jersey, Ohio and the Dakotas all of which saw notable Democratic victories this year. But his main point comes into focus if one concentrates on the 26 states of the South and West that have 264 electoral votes -just six less than a majority - under the new apportionment.

In the eight presidential elections from 1952 through 1980, one of those states, Arizona, never voted Democratic; nine voted Democratic once: seven, twice; one, three times, and four, four times. That means that of the 26 states, 22 have gone Democratic four times or less in the last eight presidential elections. That tilt is what Mr. Busby calls the "Republican lock.

It is a good theory, but it hardly

By David S. Broder

fits the political mood here in Mr. Busby's home state of Texas, or in much of the rest of the South, the Southwest and the West. Throughout the Sunbelt, Democrats are celebrattheir midterm election victories

and are looking forward to 1984. This was the best election Texas emocrats have had in two decades. But Texas is not the Democrats' only bright star in the Sumbelt. Since Ronald Reagan was elected in 1980, they have lost one Senate seat in the region, but have made a net gain of four governorships and 19 House seats. In January, Democrats will control 21 of the 26 governorships in the South and the West, 23 of the 52 Senate seats, and 135 of the 212 House seats.

House seats. That hardly looks like a "Republican lock," but as Mr. Busby pointed out, the South and the West are very comfortable voting one way for gov-ernor and Congress and a different way for president.

So the real question is whether the Democrats can convert their grassroots strength in this region into a presidential victory in 1984. That depends in large part on who is run-ning. Jimmy Carter captured the southern half of the Sunbelt for the Democrats in 1976, but lost most of it, along with the West, in 1980. Given Mr. Busby's logic, there is a powerful argument to be made for

who has a special appeal to the Sun-belt. But that is not necessarily a Southerner or a Westerner. Senator John Glenn of Ohio is the kind of moderate, pro-defense Democrat that the South and the West like to elect.

He has worked the region hard. Former Vice President Walter F. Mondale has kept alive his Carter connections, for what they may bring him in some Southern states. He has strong allies here in Texas, including people who are very close to the incoming governor.

Senator Edward M. Kennedy of Massachusetts is regarded by many Democrats in the South and the mountain West as a candidate who cannot carry their states. But he has strong support in California, and his hold on blacks and Chicanos is such that he cannot be dismissed in any state where they form a growing vot-

The 1984 contest will begin in the Midwest (with the Iowa caucuses) and the Northeast (with the New Hampshire primary). But the inexorable power of numbers means the Democrats cannot ignore the South and the West. On the basis of their success in 1982, there are many Democrats here in Texas who think their party should forget about Mr. Bus-"lock" and find the candidate who has the key to doing what other Democrats have proven can be done: win in the Sunbelt.

Reagan's Sloganeering On Soviet Is Dangerous

By Anthony Lewis

BOSTON — To deal successfully with the Soviet Union, George Kennan has said, the United States must show sobriety, steadiness, objectivity, practiculity of purpose, I thought of that wise comment the other night as President Ronald Reagan, reacting to the death of Leonid I, Brezhnev, displayed the opposite characteristics.

Mr. Reagan began his news conference with a grin and a statement listing Mr. Brezhnev's death and a visit to the White House by his special envoy, Philip C. Habib, as "important events that we've witnessed today."
He said he could not go to Moscow for the funeral because his schedule was too full. Then, having trivialized the occasion, he produced a series of simple verities on Soviet-American relations:

• The bad state of relations now is Moscow's fault, so it will have to do something if it wants an improve-ment: "It takes two to tango." • There is no use in the United

States taking a first step toward better relations. Mr. Reagan did that when he lifted the grain embargo: "Have we gotten anything for it?"

• The Russians lead in nuclear weaponry — "so far ahead" that a freeze on new weapons would endanger the United States.

• The U.S.S.R. sent "foreign agents" to the United States to "help instigate and help create" the freeze

Listening to the president, an analyst of Soviet affairs said he was "depressed by the total lack of comprehension, of seriousness." For what Mr. Reagan offered the country on this most sensitive and urgent subject was slogans: Empty, foolish, danger-

Of course the brutal nature of the Soviet regime makes good relations difficult. But only a myopic person could fail to see that the United States has contributed to the recent deterioration. It was not the Soviet Union that sharply changed its attitudes during the last of the conservative Brezhnev years. It was not Moscow that refused to ratify SALT-2.

Was lifting of the grain embargo a favor to the Soviet Union? Mr. Reagan had always said he had the interests of American farmers in

A nuclear balance cannot be weighed in simplicity. But it is a fact that the United States has at least as many nuclear warheads as the Soviet Union, and more accurate delivery vehicles. The last chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff said he would not want to exchange American weapons for Soviet weapons.

the news conference - revealing of what goes on in Ronald Reagan's mind - was the assertion that foreign agents created the mudeat freeze movement. Asked for evidence to

hack up this outrageous charge, the president had his news secretary pro-duce a list of citations: A few official generalities about Soviet promotion of peace movements — not the freeze specifically - and some turged rightwing magazine articles. It was McCarthyism without Sena-tor Joe's ovil glint: Genial McCarthyism. In a sense it was more worrying than the original. Joe McCarthy never believed any of that stuff; he was a complete cynic who said it to advance

his career. By all indications Mr. Reagan actually believes what he says about the Reds and the freeze. He believes his own slogans.
Underlying Mr. Reagan's verifies is a perception of the Soviet Union as an all-powerful military machine

working with insidious success to take over the world. From that fol-lows the notion that the United States must devote a much larger proportion of its resources to weapons, confront the Russians at every level, force them to change their system, Reality is very different. Whatever

their ambitions, the Russians have not been efficient or successful; the general judgment is that their posi-tions at home and in the world slipped during the Brezhnev years. The chance of bringing about basic change in their system by force is near zero; to the contrary, their belief that an American administration has such intentions will make them more military-minded and more dangerous.

Slogans divorced from reality do not work. That has been embarrassingly shown in the affair of the Siberian gas pipeline, where Mr. Reagan had to abandon confrontational tacuics because they only injured the American side. But the stogans are not only impractical. They are dan-

Is there any hope - hope for a serious, steady, practical American policy in the next two years? Not much. If there is any, it has to lie in Ronald Reagan's political sense.

Along with the spurious verities of confrontation in Rengan's vocabulary, there is talk about the need for peace. The political movement in the United States is away from aggressive anti-Sovietism: the extremist voices that helped elect Mr. Reagan are on the fringe now. Practical steps toward reducing Soviet-American tension are good politics, and I think there is a chance that Mr. Reagan will put aside his slogans and try to make a record on that line by 1984.

Should a Stability-Minded U.S. Let the Revolutions Happen?

A LBUQUERQUE, New Mexico — Destabilization, as practiced by the United States from Honduras against the Sandinist government of Nicaragua, is an awkward business for a country that has made stability the major professed goal of its foreign

U.S. administrations since World War II, from the most liberal to the most conservative, have maintained that stability in friendly countries is in the long-term national in-terest. Foreign-affairs spokesmen have stressed, in particular, the need to promote stability in areas such as Latin America that are considered strategically important.

That being the case, it is at once ironic and tragic that the United States can always be expected to pull out all the stops to frustrate, or if necessary, to crush, revolutionary movements in client states. Countries that have undergone a successful revolution tend to be far more stable than those where such movements have been thwarted. And countries where revolutions have been aborted are least stable of all.

The redistribution of land and wealth that generally takes place within the first few years following the consolidation of a revolution gives most citizens a stake in the new government. On the other hand, sians, maintaining the symmetry, where reform has been thwarted or charged that the abortive Solidarity

revolution aborted, a vicious cycle of insurgency and repression generally

Among the least stable countries in the world are those in which the United States, the Russians, or other powers are helping unpopular govss popular m ments. The neglect of majority needs and the frustration of popular political and economic goals appear to be the most common roots of instability. In Guatemala in 1954, a leftist guer-

rilla movement that promised to free the descendants of the Mayan empire from the conditions of virtual serf-dom they had suffered since the Spanish conquest was crushed through a CIA-sponsored coup. But serious social ills persist, and the country has been in the throes of slow-motion civil war ever since. In El Salvador, the United States continues to supply arms to the military governments that have helped keep the farmers and rural folk in a

state of poverty. U.S. government spokesmen would claim, of course, that revolutions, particularly those within the U.S. sphere of influence, must be blocked because they are inspired by communism or the Soviet Union. (The Rus-

By Jan Knippers Black revolution in Poland was inspired by

capitalism.) But Western Hemisphere revolutionaries are not so much drawn to the Soviet Union as they are thrust toward it by the unrelieved hostility of the United States.

Fidel Castro, pursuing the tion of Cuba's liberation martyr, José Marti, was on record as an advocate of political, social and economic reform long before his band of rural guerrillas marched triumphantly into Havana. It is not at all unlikely that he had envisioned from the start a thoroughgoing social revolution for Cuba, but even CIA Director Allen Dulles expressed doubts in 1959 that Castro had any communist leanings. Only after the United States had discontinued trade and CIA-led Cuban exiles had invaded the island at the Bay of Pigs did Castro declare himself a Markist-Leninist

After the United States succeeded, in 1964, in convincing all of the hemi-sphere except Mexico to join in a trade embargo against Cuba, trade with and aid from the Soviet bloc became indispensable, and Soviet military backing stood as a major barrier to overt U.S. military aggression. De-spite repeated incidents of covert invasion and economic sabotage ex-tending at least through 1972, the

Castro government has consistently responded favorably to friendly U.S.

Now the Reagan administration would have us believe that President Castro has methodically guided the leaders of Nicaragua's revolution into the Soviet camp. Nothing could be further from the truth. While proclaiming the philosophical pillars of their foreign policy to be self-determi-nation and nonalignment, the leaders of Nicaragua, facing geopolitical realities and desperate economic needs, went out of their way to try to establish good relations with the United

But the Reagan administration, as one of its first foreign-policy initiatives, suspended aid to Nicaragua leaving the revolutionary government with a vexing dilemma. In the absence of U.S. assistance, Nicaragna has had little choice but to seek aid from every feasible source, even though accepting it from countries the United States considered un-friendly was sure to intensify Wash-

ington's hostility.

When the United States, in the spring of 1981, canceled a \$9.6-million credit to Nicaragua for the purchase of wheat, the Soviet Union came to the rescue with a donation of more than 20,000 tops of wheat.

Exiled members of the former Nicaraguan National Guard continue to train in Florida's swamps, and make armed incursions into Nicaragua from Honduran bases.

It seems ironic indeed that the United States would, by its own actions, perpetuate instability and systematically drive potentially friendly, or at least potentially nonalig ernments, into dependence on the Soviet Union.

The usual liberal explanation for the failures and absurdities of U.S. foreign policy is bureaucratic bungling and ignorance. But a better explanation probably lies in hypocrisy. Stability, as such, is less than ever a major goal of U.S. foreign policy. The last thing U.S. policymakers want to see is a revolution, or for that matter an election, that brings to power an independent, democratic, socialist government. Such a "model" might prove irresistible to the repressed and exploited elsewhere. And this fear remains despite the fact that the United States manages, of course, to get along quite well with the democratic socialist governments of Europe.

The writer is a research associate professor of public administration at the University of New Mexico. She is the author of many books, including "U.S. Penetration of Brazil."

Arabs on Edge as Alienation Spreads

By John Waterbury

PRINCETON, New Jersey — Since I Israel's crushing victory of 1967, most Arab regimes have been fighting a rearguard action to cling to power. The resurgence of Islamic movements in this period is in large part a re-sponse to the failure of these regimes to fulfill their promises for economic prosperity and national strength.

Today, these leaders' impotence in

the face of the Israeli assault on the Palestinians in Lebanon threatens to strip them of their last pretense to legitimate rule. After all, Arab leaders had long claimed that what sustained their hostility to Israel was its refusal to recognize the legitimate rights of Palestinians. But when the moment of truth came in the first Israeli-Palestinian war, Arab support was totally ineffective.

The Arabs' summit conference at Fez, Morocco, in September, was a near-desperate attempt to mask their collective paralysis. They sought, however timidly, to create a diplomatic ontion that would deprive Israel of a pretext for another round of fighting and to provide the Palestinians with some minimal satisfaction of their demands. King Hassan of Morocco predicted that in eight to ten years there would be "a wave of mindless terrorism," and he appealed to the United States and other Western nations to help the incumbent

That these leaders have held out

for so long is less a tribute to their

political skills than a reflection of di-

visions among their adversaries, whether socialist revolutionaries or

Moslem fundamentalists. The incum-

bents' ideologies range from the neo-

liberalism of Egypt and Tunisia to the Iraqi and Syrian variants of

Ba'athist socialism. The two monarchs among them, King Hussein of Jordan and King Hassan, have adopted programs and methods that reflect the concerns of the republican leaders. Saudi Arabia alone, and only insofar as public affairs are permeated by Islamic codes, has marched to a different drummer. Well over half the people under the

control of these regimes were born since 1950. The evidence of their disillusionment and frustration accumulated during the 1970s: Neither the vaunted Arab "oil weapon" nor the limited success of the 1973 war did much to bring about equilibrium in the balance of power between Israel and the Arab states; nor has state socialism done much to better the masses' lot. The only leaders who seem to offer an alternative, then and now, are Moamer Qadhafi of Libya and Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini of Iran. That the avatollah is not an Arab in no way diminishes the appeal of his Islamic revolution for the rest of the Arab world.

What the young seek in Islam varies enormously, even within countries. In some instances, they press for a purification of values and behavior among their co-religionists and an assault on what they perceive as Western libertarianism and atheism (Marxist or capitalist). Their goals may or may not include a social revolution, an attack on private property, and the redistribution of wealth in their societies.

Nearly all share the ideal of physical sacrifice for their cause, a willingness to resort to violence and a generwhich they live have become corrupt. None have programs for governance, and whether they come to power through popular upheaval, as in Iran, or in alliance with the military, as might have occurred in Egypt after the assassination of Anwar Sadat, they would have to go through a long period of brutal experimentation, with unforeseeable consequences.

The last round of fighting in Leba-non has also alienated groups within the Arab middle classes who, out of habit or fear, had not before deeply questioned their leaders. As in Iran in he final months of the shah's rule, these classes may remain neutral toward or actively abet militant Islamic movements that call for a new order. The middle classes cannot look on that solution with equanimity, but their leaders have squandered their remaining political credibility. There is a precedent of sorts in the Arab defeat in the 1948 war with Is-

swept aside a generation of civilian leaders and monarchs. Then men who seized power in Syria, Iraq, Egypt, the Sudan and Algeria were from the armed forces; the regimes they founded or inspired remain in power. Despite often stormy relations with the West, they may be more amenable to reasoned discourse and negotiated compromise of the Palestinian

racl, which triggered movements that

The writer is professor of politics and international affairs at Princeton Uni-

lose the chance to do so.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Red Cross in Lebanon

Regarding "Palestinians in Lebanon Remain Victims of Terror" (IHT, Oct. 18): I researched the background ma-terial for this article and would like to clarify a point of information. The New York representative of the International Committee of the Red Cross said that the agency representatives had not been allowed ac-

the article implied that the representative had not been invited to Beirnt.
The ICRC's specific mandate is to protect war victims, as detailed in the Geneva convention. But Lebanon and Israel are both signatories to that convention, and the agency does not have to be invited into those countries by the United Nations.

cess to the prisoners held by the Leb-

anese Army in Beirut. The wording of

The representative in New York was firm in relaying the message that the agency operates quietly in negotiating with host governments, as it must do to maintain credibility.

The point of the article remains

clear and unaddressed, however. De-tention of prisoners in unacceptable conditions, random violence directed against the Palestinian population, and lack of shelter are still immediate issues that need to be faced.

DIANA BELL Washington.

Pax Americana issue than any conceivable alternative leadership. If the West is unable to Regarding "A Historian of Imperial Decline Looks at America" (IHT, promote negotiations now, it may Nov. 3): Paul Kennedy's article was forcefully argued, and I applaud the wisdom of his appeal for greater historical understanding of the problems that face America. His economic comparison of America's postwar ex-

perience with 19th-century Britain was particularly enlightening. How-ever, I believe that Mr. Kennedy failed to draw the most obvious and

important conclusion. Empires do not slip peacefully into oblivion: They must be swept away. The very terminology used by historians to designate the height of an imperial power, "pax," implicitly recognizes this. The Pax Romana and the Pax Britannica both ended in war. Imperial Spain died with its ar-mada. The first and second French empires had bloody deaths. A series of disastrous wars toppled the Ottomans and the czar.

And if the Pax Americana should

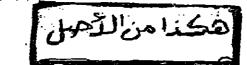
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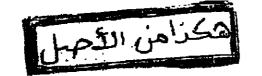
The United States, unlike the empires that preceded it, has the power to take the world with it when it falls. in one thermonuclear blaze. If American policymakers continue to be historically blind, if they continue stubbornly to believe in the timelessness of their power and influence, then we are indeed doomed to give a new. most horrible form to the grim cycle of the past.

SEAN M. SCHWINN. Paris.

I believe Paul Kennedy fails to mention one of America's profound and abiding strengths. It is the welljustified promise that this New World held for millions of immigrants. It was (and still is) the magnet that drew the downtrodden and the exploited who had the drive to desire and demand better.

The imminent demise of the United States is premature. It is too resilient a country.





Acharya Vinoba Bhave, a Disciple Of Gandhi, Dies in India After Fast

By William Claiborne . Washington Post Service

NEW DELHI — Acharya Vino-ba Bhave, 87, one of the last surviving close disciples of Mahatma Gandhi in India's independence struggle, died Monday in the seventh day of a fast.

enin day of a read.

The acharya — or holy teacher

died in his ashram in the central Indian town of Paunar after refusing to take food or water following a heart attack on Nov. 8. He never explained the purpose of his fast, although his followers said it was

for ascetic reasons. Last Wednesday, India's prime minister, India Gandhi, flew to the ashram, a religious retreat, in sin effort to persuade Mr. Bhave to take nourishment. But he indicated that he had decide to take samadhi. a yoga-based expression of giving

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In 1920, Mr. Bhave was chosen

Baptist Chief Dies In Russian Camp

PADERBORN, West Germany - Nikolai P. Chrapov, 68, chairman of the Soviet Baptist church, has died of a heart attack in a Soviet labor camp, a Soviet émigré

organization has announced.

The Union of German Immigrants from the Soviet Union said Saturday that Mr. Chrapov died in a camp near the Caspian Sea. It said that with the help of 100,000 active Soviet Baptists, Mr. Chrapow was able to run the church from captivity and managed to smuggle three books to the West.

The union composed of ethnic spent 14 years walking barefoot Germans who were allowed to and in a loincloth as Gandhi had leave the Soviet Union, said Baptist churches throughout the world to donate land to peasants. sent about 100,000 petitions to various Soviet embassies asking for Mr. Chrapov's release because of his health.

by Gandhi to be his first advocate of Mr. Bhave: "In the troubled but in the individual noncooperation dynamic society that is India tomovement against British rule.: In the 1950s, he became famous when he walked thousands of miles throughout India to call for land redistribution. Later he led a cam-

paign against cow slaughter.
Mr. Bhave approached the end of his life expressing disillusion-ment and disappointment in his failure to realize Gandhi's dream of a new social order through revo-

Moreover, his campaign for a ban on cow slaughter - a controversial issue in a country wherelarge minorities of Moslems and Christians eat beef — has never been completely fulfilled.

India has left it to individual states to pass prohibitive legisla-tion, and two of them — Kerala and West Bengal - permit cow slaughter. Both states have large Moslem and Christian popula-

india has about 300 million cattle — the largest bovine population in the world — and the issue is a major one for Hindus, who revere the cow as a mystical mother fig-ure. But secularists argue that mil-lions of cows roaming unhindered in cities and countryside are eatening the ecological balance

by overgrazing.

Mr. Bhave conducted several fasts to press his campaign, includ-ing a fast in 1979 that he ended when Prime Minister Morarji Desai promised a constitutional amendment banning cow slaughter. The measure has never been

Mr. Bhave also founded the Bhoodan (land gift) movement. While leading that movement, he

An estimated live million acres (two million hectares) changed hands, prompting the late prime minister, Jawaharlal Nchru, to say

day, the frail figure of Vinobaji stands like a rock. ... He represents as no one else does the soint and tradition of Gandhiji and of India." Gandhiji is another name for Mahatma Gandhi.

Babette Deutsch

NEW YORK (NYT) — Babette Deutsch, 87, a poet, novelist critic and editor, died in her sleep Saturday in her Manhattan apartment. Miss Deutsch began her career primarily as a poet and novelist before turning to criticism, editing and translating.

She often collaborated on trans-

lations with her husband, Avrahm Yarmolinsky. Together they edited a number of anthologies, including "Modern Russian Poetry," published in 1921, and "Two Centuries of Russian Verse," published in 1966. Mr. Yarmolinsky translated from Russian, and Miss Deutsch, who did not know Russian, polished the English version.

ganization's secretary in 1969. Achille Lauro

Miss Deutsch was elected to the

National Academy of Arts and Letters in 1958 and became the or-

NAPLES (Reuters) - Achille Lauro, 95, who twice rebuilt a huge shipping fleet after his vessels were destroyed in two world wars, died last Wednesday, his family announced.

Mr. Lauro took over the family fleet in 1912 after his father's death. After 1945, he managed to resurrect his fleet despite his close links with the Fascist regime. But recent setbacks prompted the government to declare the company

Other deaths: Chesney Allen, 88, the last surviving member of the Crazy Gang stage comedy team, Saturday of a



Acharya Vinoba Bhave

chest infection in London. In 1924, he and Bud Flanagan founded the

Crazy Gang.

Dorothy Round, 73, the last
British woman player to win the Wimbledon tennis championships twice, Saturday of cancer at Kidderminster, England. Miss Round won the Wimbledon singles in 1934 and 1937 and the mixed doubles from 1934 to 1936.

Count Anton Gerliczy-Burian, 65, the head of Liechtenstein's Department for International Relations, Friday in Vaduz, Liechten-

Frank R. Denton, 83, a former chief executive officer of Mellon Bank who directed its expansion into branch banking, Thursday in Latrobe, Pennsylvania.

Marcel Paul, 82, one of the best known figures in the French Communist Party and a minister of national production between 1945 and 1947, Thursday in Paris.

David J. Fitzmamice, 69. president of the 200,000-member international Union of Electrical Workers, Friday of cancer in Euclid,

Pretoria Junior Minister Regarded As Probable Successor to Botha The commentator, Willem de

By Joseph Lelyveld

New York Times Service JOHANNESBURG - A relatively junior cabinet minister with a reputation for not taking sides in

six months as the party's leader in

the governing party's debates is widely regarded here as the man most likely to succeed P.W. Botha as South Africa's prime minister.
The cabinet official, Frederik W. de Klerk, has just finished his first

the Transvaal — the most populous and, among Afrikaners, the most fiercely contested of South When the hard exterior of Afrikaner nationalism started to crumble earlier this year in anticipation of Mr. Botha's moves to give

nonwhite minority groups a subor-dinate say in the central govern-ment, the job of restoring the ramparts of the governing National Party fell to Mr. de Klerk. At 46 years of age, he represents a generation that grew to maturity after Afrikaner domination had

been firmly established on the basis of Afrikaner unity. For all practical purposes, that unity ended in March when Mr. de Klerk's predecessor as the Transvaal's leader, Dr. Andries P. Treumicht formed a rival Afrikaner movement called the Conservative Party to protest Mr. Botha's attempts to dilute tradi-

tional apartheid doctrines. Many people in the governing party were resigned at the time to the prospect of a chain reaction of defections from the party's leadership and organization in the Transvaal. But nearly all the fence sitters suppressed ideological doubts and climbed down on the

side of power and Mr. Botha. Mr. de Klerk, who is given credit for skillfully orchestrating the campaign to keep the waverers in line, was able to demonstrate his command of a revitalized party machine in October at a congress of the Transvaal branch of the Na-

tional Party. With only one dissenting vote, the branch dutifully endorsed the prime minister's proposals to revise the constitution by centralizing authority in an indirectly elected president who would be able to put Asians and people of mixed

race in his cabinet. But Mr. de Klerk's political future and that of his party in the Transvaal still hinge on his ability to reassure white voters who are inclined to beed Mr. Treurnicht's warnings that the bending of the color bar will inevitably lead to political rights for blacks.

A lawyer with a knack for expressing careful generalities in an

engaging and forceful manner, Mr. de Klerk has to find a way of telling whites that this is not so without giving the rest of the world the idea that Mr. Botha's "reforms" do not really amount to much.

In a recent interview in East London, he said: "We come across a lot of basically misinformed people who are under misapprehensions with regard to where the Na-tional Party stands."

The implication is that the Na-tional Party has to teach its supporters a new vocabulary and political style, without at the same time leaving the impression that white dominance or controls on the influx of blacks into white areas are to be sacrificed.

But the confusion about what it is that is supposed to be communicated, especially on the central issue of black political rights, per-sists even within the National Par-

ty establishment.
"What of the black?" asked the title of an article published recent-ly by a respected Afrikaans com-mentator who happens to be Mr. de Klerk's older brother.

Rights Group Asks Members of OAS To End Killings

The Associated Press LONDON — The Organization of American States was urged Monday by Amnesty International to insist that its members end torture, government-ordered killing and other violations of human

Amnesty International, which campaigns for the release of political prisoners, said it had raised the issue in an open letter to the heads of delegations to the OAS general

assembly. The assembly was to open later Monday in Washington. It said the letter asked that the 28 member countries in the OAS "stop flouting international stand-ards which ban torture, govern-ment-ordered killing and the 'dis-appearance' of political prisoners."

Amnesty International praised the role of the OAS in setting human rights standards, but said there is an urgent need to insist that member nations adhere to these standards in practice.

The letter asserted that there has been systematic torture in Uruguay and Chile and that Argentina and Chile had failed to account for persons who had disappeared. It also said that El Salvador and Guatemala have executed a large number of persons illegally.

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and the second s

Klerk, a former psychology profes-

sor, was until recently editor of the

newspaper Die Transvaler. He was

dismissed in what was explained,

in part, as a move to lower the po

litical profile of Die Transvaler.

nominally the National Party's of-

ficial paper in the Transvaal, to avoid offending readers leaning to

that the governing party has moved too slowly rather than too

rapidly in the area of racial reform. He feels it should be telling sup-

porters that an "acceptable consti-

tutional place for blacks is an es-

sential prerequisite for a meaning-

ful settlement."

During conversations, he says,

"We must propose an open-ended

solution for South Africa," imply-

ing that South Africa must not be

seen to foreclose a role at the na-

tional level for blacks who repre-

sent more than 70 percent of the

to explain that his views are strict-

Willem de Klerk, 54, takes pains

The former editor's position is

Mr. Treurnicht.

population.

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Japanese Opposition Standing By, Powerless

TOKYO - As the ruling Liberal Democratic Party battles over the selection of a successor to Prime despite budgetary problems, Jaselection of a successor to Prime Minister Zenko Suzuki, Japan's pan's economy remains in good fragmented opposition parties are shape, with memployment at 2.3

frustrated bystanders.
Six opposition parties — too thinly represented in the Diet, the lower house of parliament, and too 3 percent.

See const ideologically to present a The Liberal Democratic Party. far apart ideologically to present a united front - have no chance of a which has held office without a share of power unless the Liberal Democrats split apart or decide the party needs a broader consensus to deal with the economic jority with 287 seats in the 511-seat

Despite bitter feuding over the After Mr. Suzuki's surprise an-

its factions has yet shown any sign percent, inflation at 3.2 percent and real economic growth in the current fiscal year expected to top

break since it was founded in 1955 through a merger of two conserva-

election of a new leader, none of nouncement Oct. 12 that he was giving up the party leadership, party rivals failed in a 10-day attempt to choose a successor through negotiations rather than in a divisive election.

Four candidates are campaigning nationally for nomination by the party's one million members in November. But the final choice, based on the results of this voting, is to be made by the party's members of parliament Yasuhiro Nakasone, director

general of the government's Ad-One opinion poll showed that he is Agency.

favored by half the party's rankand-file members.

Mr. Nakasone would also be

heavily favored in parliament because he is supported by the factions led by Mr. Suzuki and former Prime Minister Kakuei Tanaka, in addition to his own group.

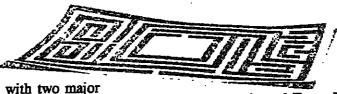
The other candidates, backed by

Mr. Tanaka's archrival, former Prime Minister Takeo Fukuda, are Toshio Komoto, director general of the Economic Planning Agency: Shintaro Abe, minister of international trade and industry, and ministrative Management Agency, Ichiro Nakagawa, director general is considered the likely winner of the Science and Technology Ichiro Nakagawa, director general

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consolidation. Prospects for economic recovery will be discussed by Sylvia Ostry, Head of the OECD's Department of Economics and Statistics. And the economists of Forex Research will present their forecast for the major currencies.

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forecasters All speeches will be followed by a discussion period and simultaneous English-French translations will be provided at all times.

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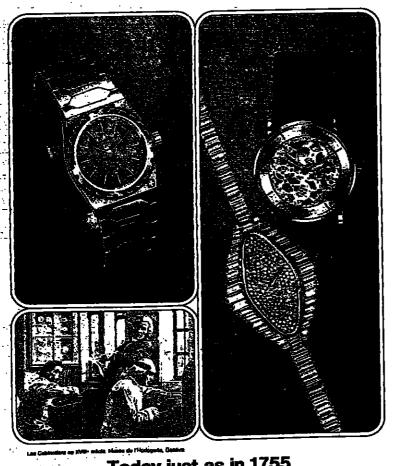
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French Foreign Secret Service Faces Shake-Up

service is undergoing a shake-up following the departure of its director after only 17 months in command, informed sources said

A senior naval officer has been appointed to head the External Security Service, in place of Pierre Marion, 61, who resigned last

Although the government said

PARIS — France's espionage Francois Mitterrand ordered the most efficient secret services in the change because he was dissatisfied with the secret service's perform-

> The president, who appointed Mr. Marion when the Socialist administration took power in 1981, was said to be particularly critical of the secret service's poor record against terrorist activity.

Press reports spoke also of personality clashes, dismissals and Mr. Marion wanted to leave, the constant infighting at the service, named

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West when Mr. Marion inherited it. Some veterans of the service were resentful that Mr. Marion. who made his reputation as an administrator at Air France, had no espionage background, they add-

The new security service head is Rear Admiral Pierre Lacoste, 58. who was commanding France's Mediterranean fleet when he was

would be to restore morale at headquarters, known to its 1,500 agents as la viscine because of its proximity to swimming pools in northeastern Paris.

He will also have to reassure the secret services of allied countries, who did not hide their anxiety at the turmoil alleged to have been caused in the secret service by Mr. Marion's reorganization.

The service's troubles stem from changes the Socialist government decided to make in the secret service apparatus as soon as it got into office. Mr. Marion was pro-posed to Mr. Mitterrand by his own secret service adviser. François de Grossouvre, and Defense Minister Charles Hernn.

His brief was to switch the emphasis of the secret service, then still known under its title of Service for Espionage and Counterespionage, toward gathering more economic, financial and scientific intelligence.

Informed sources said problems arose instantly. Mr. Marion, a talented but prickly administrator, dismayed the old guard by restructuring the service completely. Several dozen military and civilian officials, some of whom had been attached to the service for years, were abruptly posted back to their old departments.

Senior secret service men were annoyed by the new chief's systematic concentration of decisionmaking in his own hands, according to the sources.

But despite the organization's

internal battles, Mr. Marion re-tained the loyalty of the govern-ment until early this summer. Mr. Mitterrand decided on a change only after becoming doubtful about the secret service's per-formance in Lebanon at the time of Israel's invasion and in response to a wave of terrorist attacks in

France this year.
The sources said that under Admiral Lacoste, the service would concentrate more closely on gathering hard facts rather than on the analysis and evaluation that were

Mr. Marion's hallmark. The upheaval at the External Security Service has coincided with a switch at the top of its domestic sister service, the Internal Security Service, which is responsible for France itself. Maurice Chalet, the much-praised head of the domestic service since 1976, has retired and been succeeded by Yves-Louis Bonnet, who was prefect in France's Indian Ocean possession of Mayotte.

Measles Kill 17 on Island

MANILA - Seventeen children were killed in an outbreak of measles on a small island inhabited by 500 people 80 miles (130 kilometers) west of here, the Philippine News Agency reported Monday.



Phan Thim Kim Phuc - fleeing for her life at age 10, and today at age 20.

After 10 Years, Woman Recalls Vietnam Napalm Horror

The Associated Press
NEW YORK — Ten years after being burned by napalm in a moment of horror from the Vietnam War that was captured in a prize-winning photograph, a young Vietnamese woman says her only wish was never to see

such conflict again. "After going through the war, now that I have grown up and can think for myself, my only

wish is that there will be no more war, never again!" Phan Thim Kim Phuc, 20, said in an interview taped this summer in Can Tho, south of Ho Chi Minh City, and broadcast Sunday on the CBS television program "60

Only 10 years old at the time, she had ripped her flaming clothes from her body after being burned by napalm. Miss

Phuc described what had happened that day, saying through a translator that she and others from her village had been hiding in a temple that was hit by napaim dropped from planes.
"A crowd of people ran out

and at that very moment a plane dropped six napalm bombs onto the crowd in a courtyard of the temple," she recalled. "I was wounded at that time. I rain

down to the bridge about one hiiometer away where I was helped by someone and taken to the children's hospital."

Miss Phuc, whose body is scarred from the burns, had hoped to become a doctor but is studying to be a chemistry teacher because her health is too fragile for the demands of medical

PLO in Tunisia: Far Away From the Struggle

'Boring . . . That's What This Is . . . It's Like The Days Go on Forever'

By David Lamb

Los Angeles Times Service TUNIS - It was late morning and time was hanging heavy at the Selwa Hotel. Small groups of men sat about. A few of them were military uniforms and one was in a wheelchair. They idled away the long hours over cups of coffee, talking of home and the war just

"Boring," said one of them, a U.S.-educated engineer of 30. That's what this is. Just plain boring. It's like the days go on forever. You want another coffee?"

'No, I've had enough already," his friend replied. "But don't wor-ry. We'll be out of here within a year. Maybe sooner.

Until August the Selwa, an hour's drive south of Tunis, was a beachfront tourist hotel, complete with riding stables, an aviary and a miniature golf course. Today it is

New York Times Service

JERUSALEM -- Faculty mem-

bers of Bir Zeit University in the

Israeli-occupied West Bank of the

Jordan River Monday publicly accused Israel of restricting aca-

demic freedom by requiring for-

eign employees to sign a statement

associating themselves from the Palestine Liberation Organization

The teachers have refused to

sign the declaration promulgated

two months ago, denouncing it as

Six lecturers, five of them U.S.

citizens, were ordered deported this week by Defense Minister

Ariel Sharon's civil administration

for the territories after they were

refused work permits because they

did not sign the statement. This

"political."

Bir Zeit University Faculty Members

Say Israel Curbs Academic Freedom

ing president.

educators."

the headquarters of the Palestine the Palestinians free access to Leb-Liberation Organization.

The men who live and work here now are the leaders of the guerrillas who six months ago called Beirut home. Back then they had planned PLO strategy and weathered the Israeli invasion of Lebanon until forced to evacuate Beirut

This is the worst period of my life, much worse than 1970 when we left Jordan," said one guerrilla, slumping into a sofa covered with ashes and cigarette burns.

"In 1970, we had a strong ally in Nasser. We had the Cairo agree-ment, so we only had to move to Lebanon and that was a front-line state. Now here we are stuck out in Tunisia, not even in Tunis but out here in some tourist resort. We're a

long way from the struggle."
The Cairo agreement, worked out by Nasser in 1969, the year be-fore King Hussein of Jordan drove the PLO out of his country, gave

ties have dismissed, condemned

the policy as "seeking to drive a

wedge between us and the local

populace who we seek to serve as

Officials in the civil administra-

tion headed have countered that

the new measure was a legal, not a

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anon and began what eventually became a PLO state within a state

But now most PLO guerrillas are scattered through eight Arab countries outside Lebanon.

"There are some difficulties, I will confess," said Farouk Kad-doumi, chief political adviser to Yasser Arafat, the PLO chairman. "Our fighters just have to learn to normalize their lives within their new environment. Most of the PLO's leaders and

many of its fighters have university educations. In Lebanon they lived in houses, drove cars, worked in offices, stayed with their families and had more authority in Beirut than the Lebanese government it-self. Had it not been for the Israelis, it would have been a decent

Of the 12,000 guerrillas who left Beirat in August, 850 came to Tunisia. They moved into tents erected in an abandoned agricultural institute in Ouad Zarga, 50 miles (80 kilometers) south of Tunis and 25 miles beyond their leaders' headquarters at the Selwa Hotel. Their guns were put in storage and a small detachment of Tunisian soldiers was assigned to

brings the total to 31 out of Bir Zeit's 180 faculty members dis-missed by Israel since the new polprovide security outside the camp. Within a week of their arrival, pro- and anti-Arafat guerrillas fought each other with fists and icy was implemented, said Dr. Gabi Baramki, the university's actclubs in a dispute over whether Speaking at a news conference they should have followed the convened in the predominantly chairman into exile or stayed in one of the 19 American faculty It is not known how many casualmembers whom the Israeli authori-

ties there were. But Tunisian government sources said the pro-Arafat people from the el-Fatah movement put down the rebellion and Tunisian soldiers did not interfere. The rebels' heads were shaved bald and some of the offenders were placed in trenches covered with padlocked iron

Since then, dozens of guerrillas have left the camp, which they see as little more than a prison, and headed for Jordan and Syria, where others driven from Beirnt

The PLO views Toms as only a temporary headquarters, but so far its leadership has not decided where to settle. Mr. Arafat apparently is trying to avoid Damascus for fear the Syria government would absorb the PLO.

Nor has the PLO been able to agree on a date for the Palestine National Congress to discuss strategy and peace proposals put forth by the Arab League and by President Ronald Reagan, -

"We have to reorganize our-

seives at this point and we have to re-evaluate our relations on the international level and the future of the arms struggle," said Mr. Kaddoumi during an interview in "Certainly there were some

gains from the war for us," he said. First, we proved we could stand in confrontation with Israel, And second, we gained international prestige in that to most of the world we were not the terrorists."

"That aspect of the war," Mr. Kaddoumi charged, "was repre-sented by Israel."

Ministers Of OAU Hold **Closed Talks**

By Andrew Hill

TRIPOLL, Libya — Organiza-tion of African Unity foreign ministers held closed-door talks Monday, their first meeting since a similar session broke down 14 weeks ago over the Western Sahara dis-

Non-African ambassadors invited to the formal opening were barred from entering the confer-ence hall, and it was not known how many of the OAU's 51 members were present. Earlier, OAU officials said 47

countries were expected to attend the talks. The previous session broke down when 21 states protesting the Polisario Front's mem-bership in the OAU stayed away, depriving the talks of a quorum.

Ten ambassadors entered the ball after the delegates and ministers with invitations to listen to the opening speeches but were asked o leave shortly afterward.

The ambassadors, from West and East Germany, Switzerland, South Korea, Denmark, Italy, France, Britain, the Soviet Union and China, waited in the rain out-side the hall while the doyen of the diplomatic corps, Ambassador Carlos Lobo of Brazil, delivered a protest to the Libyan authorities. the diplomats said. Some of the ambassadors said

they were considering staying away from a banquet in honor of the OAU scheduled for Monday evening although others said they expected to be represented by low-

er-ranking staff.

If the meeting was attended by delegates from 34 or more members, it would be the first time the OAU has mustered a quorum since the Polisario's self-styled Saharan Arab Democratic Republic became its 51st member decision last February.

Last month, the Polisario group said it would stay away from the reconvened talks here, and OAU officials said this was the reason so many countries had come to Trip-

Three members, Somalia, Sudan and Egypt, have said they will not attend the talks here to register displeasure with Libyan foreign

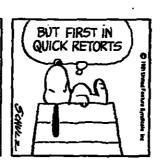
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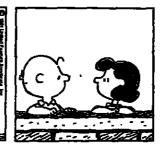














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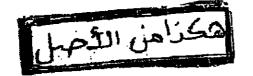
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What do we know about it? What can be done about it?

On a chilly winter day last January, in the streets of Los Angeles, California, a Turkish diplomat was noisily and messily murdered.

While murder in the streets of America's larger cities is not exactly unheard of, this bit of violence had a novel twist. It was not the usual gangland "hit", nor was it murder for profit. This was an assassination... and the assassins loudly claimed credit for it.

They proclaimed themselves the "Armenian Secret Army for the Liberation of Armenia". This, to begin with, sounded faintly ridiculous to American ears. Some "secret"! What "army"?

Then, the "army" went on to announce that the slaughter of this inoffensive civil servant was in revenge for crimes against the Armenian people committed by the old Ottoman Empire...in 1915 ...some 65 years previously.

The American public reacted to all this "secret army" posturing as might be expected...if somewhat unfeelingly...with unbelieving laughter. What kind of primitives were these... after a hiatus of sixty years...to suddenly embark on a bloody vendetta?

Clearly, neither the unfortunate victim, nor the killers themselves, had even been born in 1915.

It could only be judged by the public as an act that lent new meaning to the old term, "senseless slaughter".

Beginnings of terror.

The Los Angeles tragedy was one more among a series of attacks in a campaign of terror started in 1975 and still being waged today against Turkish envoys and their families on six continents of the smooth their families on six continents of the world. Similar terrorism penetrated into Turkey itself.

During the 1960s and early 1970s political and student organisations who were rebelling in Turkey —as they were in Anaheim and Amsterdam— dealt largely in public demonstrations, sloganeering and propaganda in print. But during this time, unlike the U.S. and the Netherlands, a rich assortment of terrorist groups were being organized within Turkey...being funded and armed from without.

Guerrilla warfare.

Then, starting in 1975, came years of relentless terrorist attacks. By 1979, guerrilla warfare had come to Turkish cities and countryside alike.

Men, women and children learned to fear city streets after dark. So-called "liberated regions" had been established in the countryside, and there were almost daily clashes with state security forces. It seemed, incredibly enough, that the final stages for civil war in Turkey had been set.

A specialist on international terrorism has described the period as war being fought on two fronts.

A two-front war.

Terror against Turks outside Turkey seemed designed primarily to undermine Turkey's relations with its allies. Gun battles in a neighbor's backyard tend to embarrass both parties.

But, Turkey's problems with internal terror tended to be even more serious. Called into question at the time was the ability of the Turkish government to protect the safety and domestic tranquility of its citizens.

Mounting internal terrorism was destroying Turkish confidence in their elected authorities, the nt and multi-party democracy itself. By 1980, it appeared that the classic steps that

every terrorist campaign aims for were about to be completed...first, terror and destabilization... then, takeover. Yet, while terror inside the country had its primary

effect on Turkish internal stability, it also had some adverse consequences for Turkey's external relations. To its allies, Turkey's violent unrest suggested that Turkey might be an unreliable ally. (Oddly enough, it also caused us to question the reliability of some of our allies...when these allies failed to seize terrorists fleeing Turkey into other countries, where they were allowed to wash the blood off their hands in peace.)

Terror's bottom line.

Terrorism's bottom line -the measure of its success— came in September, 1980. Turkey's government, for a number of reasons, had reached a point where it could no longer function. At this point, the Army stepped in to impose a limited martial law and begin the return to law and order and a new federal constitution.

(To an outsider, it may seem incredible that the military could restrain itself so long, in view of the gravity of the situation. But, as any student of Turkish history knows, our military has never been a politically motivated one. The Army is, in fact, a bastion of Republican fervor, a stronghold of Ataturk's beliefs and

Still, even today, the problem of terrorism beyond Turkish borders persists, and its bottom line is equally serious. The trumpeted goal of ASALA, the leading Armenian terrorist group, is nothing less than slicing off six provinces of Eastern Turkey and setting up an independent state. At which point, presumably, they would expel the Turkish population and import a brand new Armenian population!

Armenia: the mythical kingdom of no fixed address.

The peculiar irrationality of Armenian terrorism sets it apart from almost all other forms of terrorism in today's world. For more than half a century after the events which are now declared to be the cause of Armenian terrorism, there was no terrorism. The young Armenians who have been recruited to terrorism are generations removed from the Armenians who were the victims of the wrongs which the terrorists are allegedly avenging. History has no precedent for this kind of sustained retroactive vengeance. Particularly in a situation where territorial claims are weak and of doubtful historical value

For thousands of years, the Armenians have been a people of no fixed address. Restlessly they have drifted back and forth from the Caucasus, through Southern Russia, Turkey, Iran and Iraq.

Was Eastern Anarolia the original homeland of the Armenian people? Armenian historians fall to agree on

The six Turkish provinces claimed today by ASALA as their ancestral home were never ruled by Armenians as an independent sovereign state. They have been

ruled by the Persians, the Macedonians, the Romans, and the Arabs, among many.

The Armenian historian, Kevork Aslan, writes: "The Armenians lived as local notables. They had no feeling of national unity. There were no political bonds or ties among them. Their only attachments were to the neighboring notables. Thus, whatever national feelings they had were local."

Did Turks take Armenian land by force?

The land in Eastern Anatolia was conquered and annexed by Seljuk Turks from Turkomans and Safavids of Iran. The Ottomans won Cilicia from the Mamelukes. In no case did Ottoman Turks conquer or occupy an

existing Armenian state or principality.

Quite simply, despite the torrent of propaganda now being aimed at the Western world, Turks never conquered Armenians. They conquered the overlords of a substantial Armenian population and were at the time greeted by the Armenians as saviours and benefactors. Armenians became an important part of the new regime, trusted advisors and aides to the Ottomans.

When, in the closing years of the 18th Century, Napoleon wanted to stir up revolt among the Armenians, to support his Mid-East invasion, his ambassador in Istanbul replied, "The Armenians are so content with their lives here that this is impossible."

Who is kidding who?

In the 19th Century, many Armenians were numbered among the Pashas, the highest rank in government service. There were Armenian ministers, including Ministers of Foreign Affairs, of Finance, Post and Trade. There were ambassadors, consul-generals and consuls. And innumerable teachers and college

Armenians living in Turkey today know the truth. They ask, in effect, "Who do the terrorists think they're kidding?" The sad and, to us, the very irritating answer is "Apparently, most of the rest of the Western world."

There are no islands.

Speaking practically, no man is an island, no nation is an island, when it comes to terrorism. Each offense by terrorists is an offense against us all. Terror is not a problem for Turkey alone.

In fact, no one country can deal with it alone when the terrorists are operating across international All NATO countries have felt the impact of

international terrorism. Since the mid 1970s, it has done serious damage to friendly relations between some NATO members and has given rise to a certain

"Instability" is, as noted before, the end-game object of terrorists everywhere.

The size of the problem.

At present, there are ninety two minority groups posing a potential international terrorism threat. They live in approximately forty countries, mainly in Asia, Europe and Africa. Under the circumstances, it would be naive of us, of the NATO world, to expect the larger question of terrorism to just dry up and blow away...simply because we disapprove of it. So, the question is: Do we choose to live with it? Or, do we choose to do something about it?

Scorecard on world terror.

Let's leave Turkey aside for the moment and look at the larger picture. In the twelve years between 1968 and 1980, the record shows a total of 6,714 acts of

international terrorism. From 1972 on, the pace of these acts quickened. According to the U.S. Congressional Record, the annual average of incidents has been running at the rate of 627...more than 50 a month.

Western European countries suffered 33% of worldwide terrorist incidents... Latin America, 22%... the Middle East, 21%...North America, 11%...and Asia and Africa accounted for the remainder. Turkey's share of this overall picture is considerable-and painful.

From 1973 to 1982, there were attacks on Turkish diplomats, officials and their families and offices in fifteen countries. There were thirty murders, eighty-nine woundings...in all a total of 138 bombings, murders and

Whose hand guides the terror?

ls there a central source from which most world terrorism is funded and fueled? We hesitate to make blanket accusations because terrorism is so widespread. Terrorism would appear to be the work of more than one hand.

Furthermore, there is terrorism of the left and terrorism of the right...both aimed at creating instability yet presumably inspired by different sources.

Whoever the puppetmasters are, they have trained, financed and aimed great bands of desperadoes at the rest of the world. Their tactics are designed to create tensions...to destabilize the internal affairs of nations...to set neighbors against each other.

In this worldwide emergency, is it not possible for the Free World to develop new initiatives to protect our rights to peace and stability? Indeed, is it not overwhelmingly urgent to do this?

What can be done?

many to the property of the second second

Serious sanctions and penalties, consistently applied, are the only form of pressure rogue nations respond to.

NATO and other Free World governments acting together — need to develop new forms of persuasion and punishment for those states and organisations which indulge terrorists or support terrorism and tolerate use of their territory as a base for subversive actions against their neighbors.

A number of international agreements already exist, such as the 1971 convention between North and South America, the 1973 United Nations convention and the 1977 Council of Europe convention. The problem is that they are not strictly enforced. They should be.

In addition: All parties should agree on a definition of

terrorism under the law. International terrorism must clearly be seen as a threat to the existence of NATO states. Effective precautions must be agreed upon. Laws and court proceedings should be

amended to implement joint actions. Free World countries need to develop methods of close cooperation in the war on terror...training. intelligence, equipment and organisation.

Specialized anti-terror units other than the security forces should be established and legal obstacles to joint operations gotten rid of.

Let no member country shelter a terrorist.

political refugee is one thing... a terrorist is quite a

- Terrorist groups based in one country directing attacks against other countries, friendly or non-friendly, should be suppressed. Terror should be accepted as a common menace.

Action now.

The world is exhausted by violence. As crime and unrest expand in cities and states around the world, citizens look for answers. In the great 'developed" nations, such as Britain and the United States, people are now crying out for a revival of capital punishment. So does the veneer of civilization slip away under endless provocation.

As crime and unrest expand, people turn more and more to demagogues who promise law and order at any cost. And the cost is often their freedom...

Terrorism can threaten alliances, destroy friendships and bring down governments. Terrorism very nearly destroyed Turkey in 1980. It caused a breakdown in the society.
We, Turks, speak to the problem from experience.

We find it an unacceptable tragedy that when Turkish diplomats are murdered there is not a worldwide outcry. That the killers are not hunted down and punished. That some have even been given a tacit asylum in supposedly civilized countries.

Warfare in the shadows.

The NATO Alliance infrastructure offers an unexploited potential for really effective control of subversion and terror.

NATO is a military alliance. Subversion and terrorism are a form of warfare in the shadows. Outright military attack on any member of the alliance is, by definition, considered an attack on all.

The same principle should be extended to subversion and terrorism. This does not propose open hostilities against the source of an attack. But there should be a pre-planned and calculated response in kind... coordinated pressures, agreed upon sanctions. Indulgent countries, providing bases from which terrorists are allowed to work, should be made aware that they will be subject to harsh reprisals.

The structure for a ready exchange of information and the coordination of decisive action is there. It simply waits for NATO and other Free World countries to take the terrorist threat as a threat to the stability of the Western World. Not tomorrow. Today!

We, as TÜSIAD —an organisation of leading Turkish businessmen- are sponsoring this message in response to what we perceive as one of the most pernicious threats of the day to world peace and stability.

We do not pretend to speak for the Turkish government. We are not an official voice in any way. We represent private enterprise.

However, it would surprise us if most of our fellow citizens —Turk, Armenian, Christian, Jew do not echo and applaud the thoughts incorporated

What we are eager to achieve is a common cause with the other countries of the Free World. It is time for all people of good will to speak out.

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BUSINESS BRIEFS

U.S. Automakers' Sales Rise 18.5%

DETROIT (AP) — The top three U.S. automakers reported Monday that they sold 18.5 percent more new cars in early November of this year than they did in the corresponding period in 1981.

The companies said they sold 181,872 new cars in the Nov. 1-10 period as compared to 136,400 in the period last year. General Motors led the increase with a sales rise of 21.9 percent. Ford sales were up 18.9 percent

and Chrysler's were off 2.5 percent.

Trading of Dollar Credit Suspended

HONG KONG (Renters) — Stock exchanges in Hong Kong suspended trading Monday in shares of Dollar Credit (Holdings) after the company requested the action, citing a liquidity problem of one of its subsid-

Interests in property management, agency and trusteeship, said its wholly owned subsidiary Dollar Credit & Financing cannot meet its liabilities when they fall due.

Dollar Credit (Holdings) had a 1981 net profit of 63,31 million Honk

Kong dollars.

Kong dollars.

Meanwhile. Hong Kong's commissioner for commodities trading.

Robert Fell, suspended registration of International Ohkuraya (H.K.)

Ind. on Monday. The commission said the company had followed a trading practice prejudicial to the public interest and failed to comply with registration conditions.

Braniff Reorganization Is Not Ready

DALLAS (UPI) - Braniff will seek a third extension Tuesday in a deadline for filing for reorganization because the plan is not ready, the airline has disclosed. Braniff ceased operations May 12 and a hearing is scheduled for Tuesday before a federal bankruptcy judge in Fort Worth,

A Braniff official said Sunday that talks with its labor unions over wage and other contract concessions were "productive" and that the company was hoping to reach agreement with the unions by Tuesday. Braniff has said it must win approval from all five of its unions before taunching a jointly operated airline with Pacific Southwest Airlines of San Diego. The new airline would have the PSA name, but would use Braniff airplanes and employees.

Consortium Finds Oil Off Angola

ROME (Reuters) — A consortium of companies led by operator Elf Aquitaine of France has made a new oil find off the Angolan coast, Agp, a consortium member, said Monday.

The consortium struck oil in four of five wells, though details are not

yet available, said Agip, which has a 15-percent stake and is a subsidiary of Italy's state energy group ENL Other consortium members are Elf Aquitaine, with a 50-percent stake, Mobil, 25 percent, and Spain's Naftagas and Yugoslavia's Neftaplin, both with 5 percent.

Kroger Says It Will Acquire Dillon

CINCINNATI (Reuters) — Kroger Co. said it has a definitive agreement to acquire Dillon Cos. in an exchange of stock valued at \$700 million to \$750 million.

Kroger said that under the agreement each outstanding share of Dillon common will be exchanged on a tax-free basis for 0.8539 share of Kroger common. Kroger also said it will issue about 16.6 million shares in the takeover. It said it now has about 28.5 million shares outstanding.

Coleco Declares 2-for-1 Stock Split

HARTFORD, Connecticut (Reuters) — Coleco Industries said Monday that its board has declared a 2-for-1 common stock split, to be made in the form of a 100-percent stock dividend.

The company also said that with half the final quarter of 1982 completed, it appears to be on the way to its most profitable fourth quarter ever, Last year the company reported a fourth quarter loss of \$661,000. It said order backlogs are in excess of \$100 million.



Herald Eribune

BUSINESS/FINANCE

Arthur Rovine, a State Department observer, listens at center as a speaker addresses the claims tribunal, seated at right.

U.S.-Iran Claims Panel Moving Slowly

By John Tagliabue

New York Times Service
THE HAGUE — Scheveningen offers little
hint of conflict. The suburb of The Hague is an old beach resort with a boardwalk, a steel pier and a grand hotel that looks a bit like Atlantic City before the casinos.

But on Parkweg, a winding street just a two-minute drive from the boardwalk, the vacation atmosphere ends. At the bottom of the street sits the office building of the Iran-United States claims tribunal, a body established to settle about \$4 billion worth of claims made by U.S. companies against Iran under the agreement that freed the U.S. hostages 19 months ago. By all accounts, the tribunal is moving ahead

in fitful lurches. The panel has nine members: Three Iranians, three Americans and three neutral members, including the chairman, Gunnar Lagergren, a 70year-old Swedish jurist and arbitration expert. The tribunal faces a mountain of approxi-mately 900 major claims made by about 640

NEW YORK - Prices on the

New York Stock Exchange tum-bled Monday in relatively light trading as investors cashed in on

profits from Wall Street's rally

against a background of uncertain-

The Dow Jones industrial aver-

age fell 17 points in the first half

hour of trading and stayed that low throughout the day, finishing down 18.49 points at 1021.43. Dec-

lines led advances, by a ratio of three to one, and volume skidded

to 79 million shares from 95.08

ty about interest rates.

U.S. companies against the Iranians. The claims arise from Iran's expropriation of property or annulment of contracts after the shah's fall. Claimants include such companies as Sperry, Honeywell and Philip Morris.

"I think they are struggling on manfully," said Brice Clagett, a Washington lawyer representing several U.S. companies before the tribunal. "I think they are gearing up."

Not all comment is that charitable, although

few people involved in the proceedings will

speak for the record.

Since the tribunal began its work a little more than a year ago, 10 awards have been made, involving about \$8 million. That is a small fraction of the \$1 billion in frozen Iranian assets that the Carter administration put into an escrow account at the Dutch central bank for settlement of the claims.

Even then, payment of four awards totaling nearly \$6 million was delayed for more than two months earlier this year when Algeria's central bank refused to authorize payment. Al-

cause of the role it played in arranging the release of the hostages.

The Algerians contend that the delay was caused by technical difficulties. But U.S. officials say the Iranians, piqued by a tribunal deci-sion concerning interest money accruing in the Dutch central bank account, prevailed upon the Algerians to take the delaying action. Despite Iran's claim that it should receive the interest payments, the tribunal had voted to place the money in a separate account until it can deter-mine how it will be used.

There have also been complaints of partisan behavior by neutral members of the tribunal, and earlier this year Iran attempted unsuccessfully to unseat one of the tribunal's members, Nils Mangard, a Swedish judge. Iran also filed a complaint last month with

the tribunal accusing the United States of 18 violations of the hostage agreement. Part of the problem, lawyers and diplomats

(Continued on Page 10)

precedented raily since mid-Aug-

ust lost the most in profit taking. And speculative issues, which

came to life last week, also skidd-

hold firm for the near term.

Federal Reserve NYSE Prices Slump on Fears of Higher Rates

Compiled by Our Sudf From Disputches NEW YORK — The basic measure of the U.S. money sup-

Technology, retailing, video game manufacturers and banking stocks also were all hard hit. The last category particularly reflected concerns that interest rates may

week.

Economists had predicted that the latest week's M-1 figure would range from a decline of \$500 million to an increase of \$3.6 billion. The Fed has said that it is not paying close attention to weekly swings in

Kaufman Predicts U.S. Budget Deficit Of \$160 Billion

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches NEW ORLEANS — Henry Kaufman, the Salomon Brothers chief economist, said Monday that the U.S. budget deficit in fiscal 1983 will be about \$160 billion, and he predicted a lackluster re-

covery from the recession.

He told the U.S. League of Savings Associations that the current official estimate of a \$115-billion budget deficit was "completely unrealistic" because legislation to raise revenue or cut spending can-not really be passed until nearly half of fiscal 1983, which began

Any efforts, he said, to cut defense and entitlement spending will affect the deficit in 1984 or lat-

At the same time he forecast that economic growth in the early stages of the U.S. recovery will be less than half the typical postwar recovery rate of five to six percent

His prediction is less than what some Reagan administration officials have been predicting. Treasury Secretary Donald T. Regan is predicting growth between 3.5 per-cent and 4 percent next year. But Mr. Kaufman added, "In an

otherwise lackluster business picture, one bright aspect is the likeli-bood of some further slowing in inflation and some additional declines in short- and long-term interest rates. He gave no precise

Reports U.S. M-1 Up \$2.7 Billion

ply, M-1, rose \$2.7 billion in the week ended Nov. 3, the Federal Reserve reported Mon-

The report, which was delayed from its usual Friday release because of the bank holiday in the United States last Thursday, was a little higher than most economists expected.

The large increase followed a revised increase of \$2.8 billion the previous week Originally the Fed had reported a \$2.7 billion increase in the previous

this narrow money supply mea-

forecast, except to say that wage increases are likely to be limited to 51/2 percent in 1983.

Among obstacles to significant economic recovery are interest rates that are "still too high to alleviate interest rate burdens or to encourage decisions in favor of real assets," world debt problems, uncertain monetary policy and the budget deficit, he said.

Mr. Kaufman said the debt problems of foreign countries -where "an enormous debt burden has ground down economic activity, perhaps even more so abroad than in the U.S." — had been worsened by the strength of the

"The great strength of the dollar today is as dangerous to global sta-bility as the dollar weakness was in 1979." he added.

He said that non-Communist world debt had mushroomed to \$14.3 trillion in 1981 from \$3.6 trillion in 1971, an annual rate of increase of 15 percent.

He called the foreign debts "a legacy accumulated from years of inflation," and said the removal of this burden is "critical to the resuscitation of economic growth abroad."

A significant way to help accom-plish this would be by lowering of U.S. interest rates - one factor behind the dollar's strength. Mr. Kaufman said.

And to boister confidence in the

financial system, he said, the strength of the International Monetary Fund should be quickly increased by raising quotas by at least 50 percent, and a very large standby facility should be estab-lished by the IMF. Mr. Kaufman forecast that the

U.S. economic recovery in 1983 — helped by a moderate increase in demand for new housing - will be due to consumer spending and not to corporations.

But household spending will in-crease only moderately because of unemployment and economic insecurity, he said. Corporations will continue ef-

forts to restore their financial condition, he said. "First the very low rate of ca-

pacity utilization in manufacturing obviates the need to add to new plant and equipment" he said. Second the reduced rate of inflation desirable as it is diminishes the attraction of real assets and enhances the value of financial as-

consolidations of businesses will continue. As well, "The businesses most

punished by the economic contraction will not receive the most relief" from the modest recovery, he said, and "survival will remain in doubt for some of them."

U.S. Tax Reform May Hurt Investors Abroad

By Robert C. Siner

ational Herald Tribune WASHINGTON - New rules aimed at obtaining more informa-tion in U.S. income tax filing could cause problems for foreign corpo-rations and individuals who have investments even peripherally con-nected to the United States.

To trap more tax dollars, Congress and the Internal Revenue Service have significantly broadened the requirements for filing in-formation and tax returns. Foreign companies and individuals who were not obliged to file in the past will now have to - in many cases only to prove they are not subject

The new rules also limit aronymous foreign investment in U.S. real property and stocks and bonds even though foreign invesfors may want a degree of ano-nymity for reasons that have nothing to do with evasion of U.S. in-

come tax.

In addition, provisions of the laws override tax treaty language. and could force violation of some Analysts see the new rules as part of an effort to extend U.S. tax

law to foreign corporations and individuals as Congress, faced with huge budget deficits, tries to capture every dollar of tax due. "You can be confident over the

next several years Congress is going to go much further in this area; said Charles Bruce, a tax ex-pert and former counsel for the Senate Finance Committee.

But, said Lloyd Ator, tax counsel for the American Bankers Association, "there is a built-in frustration here because tax law can't reach that far." He added that the

new rules will discourage foreign ment in the United States. "Our government tends to shoot itself in the head," Mr. Ator said: Steven Kraft, a tax specialist based in Zurich, questioned how much compliance can be expected.

People outside the United States will find it difficult to comprehend

common among American taxpay-

John S. Stephen, a senior vice we strongly support efforts to increase tax compliance." But he added that there must be a balance between tax enforcement and the needs of foreign investors.

"Recent legislation and regula-tion suggests the balance may be tipping against the flow of investment in the United States," he said. "We believe if the trend contimes there could be adverse effects on the flow of investment to the United States."

The new reporting requirements in the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 passed in August and regulations for taxation of foreign investment in U.S. real property issued in mid-September widen the law to cove many more companies and indi-viduals and increase the amount of information to be provided by those already covered.

For example, any foreign investor even minimally involved with U.S. real property — defined as land and buildings, unharvested crops, uncut timber, wells, mines and other natural deposits — will and other natural deposits - will have to file at least one type of re-

The law exempts from tax liability corporations or individuals who have an interest in U.S. real prop-erty "solely as a creditor." But they will have to file returns showing that they are involved only as

In addition, "substantial" inves-tors in U.S. real property — those with holdings valued at a total of \$50,000 or more - must file annual information returns, whether they sell the property or not. Many investors may have to file returns just to show that their holdings are worth less than \$50,000. Under the Tax Equity Act for-

They don't have that built-in men- one U.S. partner must file infortality toward compliance" that is mation returns. Mr. Bruce, the tax expert, said this rule would make it harder for Americans to become partners in foreign concerns. A president for the Bank of America foreign partnership that does not in San Francisco, emphasized that already have a substantial U.S. interest might not allow a U.S. inves-

tor to participate "knowing it would have to go through the burden of tax preparation because it had a U.S. parmer," he said. The tax act also broadens re-porting requirements for U.S. sub-sidiaries of foreign companies. Now they will have to file information on their parent companies

Both the new law and the regulations contain language aimed at curtailing anonymous foreign investment in the United States, even though such anonymity could be desired for such legitimate purposes as concealing wealth to

avoid kidnappings.

The tax act will curtail certain types of anonymous investment by banning, beginning in 1983, the issuing of bearer shares or bonds—ones that are not registered by the name of the holder. These instruments will have to be registered with the Securities and Exchange

The regulations also require that nominees — banks, brokers or other agents — holding stock in a U.S. real estate holding company on behalf of a foreign principal provide the name of the ultimate owner. If a nominee does not have the required information he must either get it or post security for the tax that may ultimately come due.

bank, which in turn goes through a big U.S. bank, the U.S. bank would be required to provide the name of the investor or put up se-

overall in volatile trading last

week, when the index either gained

or lost an average 15.78 points

Analysts said the stock market

reflected growing concerns that the

Federal Reserve would not cut the

The discount rate, charged on

discount rate in the next few days.

Federal Reserve loans to member

banks, is currently at 9½ percent.

Part of the market's recent

strength was based on speculation

that a discount rate was imminent.

However, expectations of a dis-

each day.

Mr. Kraft said that this provision is "a nightmare ... of very great concern to lawyers, bankers and others faced with compli-

Finally, Congress has overriden tax treaty language, especially as it applies to tax havens and some foreign bank laws. New regulations prevent investors from using tax haven treaties to escape taxe on profits from the sale of U.S.

properties.

In the past, investors in U.S. property have been able to set up operations in such tax havens as the Netherlands Antilles. This allowed them to choose each year whether to be taxed in the United States or the tax haven country and avoid paying taxes in either place. The new rules forbid these choices and make all profits sub-ject to U.S. tax regardless of the

tax haven treaty rules.
In addition, Congress called for changes in the so-called "address system" of withholding whereby a foreign investor can have U.S. withholding tax on interest and dividends reduced or eliminated by stating that he is a resident of a treaty country. At the least, the new procedures would require far more proof of residence in a treaty

country.

The tax act also rules out violation of the laws of another country as "reasonable cause" for a U.S. taxpayer, whether a U.S. citizen or If a foreigner invests in U.S. real property through a broker, who goes through a local bank, which by the Internal Revenue Service. a foreign national, not to comply

Also worrying investors was the projection by Henry Kaufman, the Losers among the blue chips in-cluded active IBM, off 1¼ to 82%, influential Salomon Brothers economist, that the U.S. budget deficit General Electric 2½ to 88%, General Motors one to 55%, Eastman Kodak 1½ to 90%, Du Pont 1½ to 40½ and Procter & Gamble two to in fiscal 1983 will be about \$160 billion, compared with government estimates of \$115 billion.

Hildegard Zagorski of Bache Group said, "The market needs something to feed on and at this point news of a bullish nature is lacking."

persistent firmness in the federal

funds rate, on overnight loans be-tween banks. The fed funds rate rose to a high of 94 percent Mon-day from Friday's close of 9½ per-

Analysts said investors now

uestion whether the central bank

will take any action until well after its Open Market Committee meet-

ing Tuesday.

that it had omitted the year-end extra dividend because of lower

Du Pont announced Monday

Grundig Plans Dumping Suit Against Japanese Recorders

BONN — Grundig intends to lodge an anti-dumping complaint at the European Commission against low-priced imports of Japanese videotape recorders, a com-pany spokesman said Monday.

He said the West German electronics company, which jointly de-veloped and produced the V-2000 recorder system with Philips of the Netherlands, would start an anti-dumping suit either Monday or Tuesday. Grundig will have to prove the imports are harming domestic producers before the commission can impose anu-dumping

A Philips spokesman said in Eindhoven, the Netherlands, that the company would discuss the problems of the European video recorder market with the commission. But he said it would not lodge an anti-dumping complaint as Grundig had reported earlier.

European producers say the Japanese have miscalculated demand on their domestic market and the excess recorders are being sold in Europe at artificially low prices. This has created a price war in the West German video recorder market in the pre-Christmas period, during which nearly half the annuai recorder sales are concentrated. industry sources cited the slipping V-2000 recorder sales for the

announcement last week by Philips

and Grundig of price cuts.

its video recorder division were a direct result of overcapacity among Japanese producers and sales by them at "ruinous, dumping prices."
Grundig expects Japanese companies to produce 13 million video recorder units this year compared with expected world consumption

of nine million. It estimates two

million Japanese recorders are cur-

rently stocked in West Germany.

Grundig also said 650 lay offs in

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Washington Post Service

LUDWIGSHAFEN, West Germany — Claus Detjen likes to joke that Ludwigshafen — a drab little industrial town near Frankfurt is "the Columbus, Ohio, of Germa-

But Mr. Detjen takes his jest se-riously. Columbus is the home of QUBE - Warner Amex's muchpublicized interactive cable television system, the first of its kind in the United States. Within a year, under Mr. Detjen's direction. Ludwigshafen too will enter the

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cable age with a state-of-the-art, nomic aspect is the incentive." Mr. U.S. — TV shows that could taint 35-channel system that will be the Detjen said. first in West Germany to carry commercial and pay-TV services.

The project in Ludwigshafen is a tangible - and expensive - symbol of the new West German government's commitment to cable TV development.

Yet, it is not the lure of all those new channels that has captured the government's imagination. The prospect of all the new jobs that equipping the country for cable

Les Spéciales

TV might provide has. "Cable will create jobs. The eco-

Faced with politically serious unemployment and sluggish economies, European governments particularly those of West Germagovernments are in the process of publicly committing themselves to both policies and heavy spending programs to encourage the growth

"It's interesting that the conservative [British Prime Minister Margaret] Thatcher and the Social-[French President François] Mitterrand have both come to the conclusion that cable should be an investment for industrial development," said Antoine d'Tarie, formerly director of a French government think tank on new media and now a senior executive at France's largest TV network.

This surge of interest in cable TV represents a profound shift in European thinking. Traditionally, the broadcast media have been rigorously controlled by governments. New media technologies are usually quickly gobbled up by the national postal, telephone and telegraph authorities, or PTTs. Moreover, because new televi-

sion channel capacity has to be with new programming. many European countries fear an the new head of the Bundespost, invasion of foreign — particularly Germany's PTT. "Providing em-

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that during the twelve-month period ending 31st October 1982 US\$1,000,000 principal

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by European Investment Bank.

circulation was US\$24,000,000.

amount of such bonds remaining in

Luxembourg 16th November 1982.

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As of 1st November 1982, the principal

the national culture. A commitment to cable TV is expected to revolutionize the television industries of Europe. It appears that Europe's governments ny, France and England — are are taking a path that encourages looking for the right investments the development, decentralization to fuel industrial growth. Those and decontrol of the new media, particularly cable.

"This is a new phenomenon in Europe," said Peter Sindell, mana-ger of "Television Distribution in Europe" a soon-to-be-released, multiclient study conducted by CSP International, a telecommunications consulting firm. "The environment is totally different than it was 10 years ago. Change is no longer dominated by the PTTs."

This new emphasis, says Mr. Sindell, means that "Europe will be the growth marketplace of the decade of cable. It is rich with possibilities for private enterprise. In this decade, we should see the doubling of cable subscribers and a doubling of cable revenues."

In West Germany, the secondrichest television market in Europe with over 18 million TV homes, Chancellor Helmut Kohl's govern-ment is clearly viewing cable as part of the solution to the country's economic difficulties.

"Employment is a first priority," said Christian Schwartz-Schilling,



households, not numbers of households reached by cable TV. MATV stands for Master Antennoe TV, a form of cable TV. CATV is your regular cable TV.

area."
Mr. Schwartz-Schilling points out that the 1983 Bundespost bud-

transmit multiple signals to household televisions.

or re-engineering existing systems. Moreover, he says he wants to time the cable effort so that a new generation of jobs can be provided when fiber optic technology be-comes cost-effective and the current cables can be replaced with the newer technology.

But these technical decisions

Many Germans are uncomfortable with the idea that multichannel TV will mean an increase in the amount of commercial television

The situation is similar in rance. Mr. Mitterrand is expected to reveal the details soon of a 6-billion franc (\$822 million) program to install cable in the counin 1968, some industry analysts be-

The numbers listed beneath MATV and CATV represent per

ployment is a real goal of this

yet have bumper stickers proclaiming 'Jaime Telématique.' Mr. Miller said, "but they do almost everything else to portray themselves as being on the culturg edge get exceeds the previous year's budget by well over I billion Deutsche marks (\$386 million), with the money targeted for cable TV rising from 380 DM to over I

billion DM.
West Germany is currently served by both true cable - wires running directly into homes - and Master Antenna TV, a service using neighborhood antennas to

Mr. Schwartz-Schilling expects Bundespost funds to go both for the actual laying of new cable and

have serious political implications.

A source close to the technical planning of the venture contends that liber optic technology will be used to distribute programming and that major systems will be built with two-way interactive ca-

California Oil Field Termed Huge Find

LOMPOC, California - An vil field discovered off the Southern California coast may hold 1 billion barrels of crude, representing the piggest U.S. find since Alaska's Prudhoe Bay field was discovered

Initial estimates of the Point Arguello field, about 150 miles (240 kilometers) northwest of Los Angeles, placed the amount of recuverable oil at 100 million to 500 million barrels.

But some analysts now believe the field may contain I billion barrels or more. The amount of recoverable oil along Alaska's North Slope near Prudhoe Bay is estimated at 9.6 billion barrels.

"This could be possibly the largest offshore discovery ever in the United States," Alvin Silber, an oil securities analyst at Dean Witter Reynolds in New York, said Mon-Mr. Silber said he estimates the

Point Arguello field may hold be-tween 1 billion and 2 billion barrels of recoverable crude oil, although he cautioned that further test drilling would be required be-fore firm estimates could be made. Standard Oil of California had

said last month in disclosing re-

Oman Opens First Refinery

MUSCAT, Oman - The first oil refinery in Oman was officially opened Monday. The \$125-million refinery, built by Mitsui Engineering & Shipbuilding, will process 37,000 to 39,000 barrels a day of crude during its first year, officials

suits of its latest test drilling that it estimated the field to hold 100 mil-

lion barrels. Phillips Petroleum is Socal's partner in the project, Less than a dozen fields in the United States are believed to cur-rently contain 500 million or store

barrels of recoverable oil. Donald L. Fernow, senior fuch analyst at the brokerage house of Thomas & McKinson, said Peint Arguello is "possibly a supergi-ant." He noted that "initially it

was thought the Prudhoe Bay field had only a billion barrels." An oil field believed to hold more than 100 million barrels is classified as a "giant," while a field with more than I billion barrels is called a "supergrant."

One estimate has placed the water depth of the new field from 300 to 1,500 feet (91 to 455 meters).

OPEC Members Expected to Clash Over Oil Prices

Compiled by Our Stoff From Desputchs BAHRAIN — The Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries will almost inevitably face a confrontation over oil prices, with prospects of compromise growing more remote as a Dec. 9 meeting of oil ministers draws nearer, the Middle East Economic Survey said

Monday.
The Gulf states last month is-The Gulf states last month is-sued an implied threat to engage other OPEC members in a proce-cutting war unless they all fol-lowed the exporter group's rules on pricing and production in the shrunken world market for oil. Nicosia-based MEES said the

reaction to the warning had so far been negative. Iran had labeled the threat as mere bluff, Libya had privately said it would not cut out. put to its OPEC-assigned quota-and Venezuela had boosted production above its ceiling, the newsletter said.

Venezuelan Energy and Mines Minister Humberto Calderón Berti on Sunday told The Daily Journal, a Caracas English-language newspaper, that the meeting would be "one of the most difficult" ever held by OPEC because of the complicated world oil market situation and fluctuating prices.

"If no agreement is reached,then each country will go its own way," he said, adding the meeting scheduled for Dec. 9 in Lagos would be held in Vienna.

Legal Questions Delay Work On U.S. Claims Against Iran

(Continued from Page 9)

However, notes Jonathan Miller,

that investment is not taking place in a vacuum. "The French don't

litor of Communications Daily,

In Britain, the largest of the tele-

vision markets, there is a similar

blend of high-tech and employ-

port, which recommended how cable television development

should proceed, generated a sharp controversy for its free-market tone but fell in line with the Con-

servative government's economic

philosophy.

The prime minister's independ-

ent advisers on information tech-nology found that there are power-ful economic and industrial argu-

ments for encouraging cable sys-tems in the U.K." said Kenneth Baker. Britain's minister of infor-

The recently released Hunt Re-

ment goals.

say, is the difficulty in resolving a number of legal issues concerning the workings of the tribunal. Arthur Rovine, the State De-

partment lawyer who is the department's observer at the tribunal, said the problems include such questions as whether the awards should be paid from the escrow account, who should get the interest money, who should pay the central bank's bill for administering the account and who will assume responsibility if the Dutch bank were sued by one of the parties in-

While the United States argues that responsibility should be shared, the Iranian government seeks to place full responsibility on Washington.

in the face of frequent Iranian complaints about details of the agreements, some lawyers involved in the tribunal's proceedings accuse its members of being too lenient toward Iran. That, the lawyers say, slows the body's deliberalamented one U.S. lawyer representing U.S. companies. "A New York district court would throw their motions out."

Nevertheless, tribunal officials deny that they are too lenient and cite the body's successful resistance to Iranian efforts to oust Mr. Mangard.

"The tribunal's efforts to placate are not unique in arbitration," said another U.S. lawyer experienced in international arbitration. "I have experienced more flagrant cases."

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Latin Countries Said to Sell Gold

ZURICH - Countries with balance-of-payments problems, particularly in Latin America are apparently selling gold from their reserves to raise badly needed funds, senior dealers at major Swiss banks said Monday.

The recent sales have helped push the price of gold down to a little above \$400 an ounce

Last month Brazil sold almost eight tons, worth around \$91 million, to help make payments on its foreign debt, which is believed be around \$76 billion.

Other countries, including Venezuela and Uruguay, are also believed to have sold sub-stantial quantities of gold, the dealers said. One dealer estimated that Venezuela and Uruguay had sold two to three tons of gold in the past few weeks.

Gold sales by central banks are often carried out through the Bank for International Settle-ments in Basel, Switzerland, the central bank-ers' bank, and are not readily discernible.

ally played an important role in the interna-tional gold market, said they were aware of a steady flow of gold from countries other than the two big producers, South Africa and the Soviet Union.

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Eurocurrency Interest Rates

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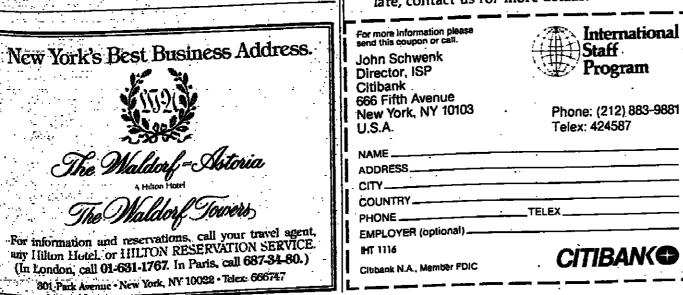
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Nov. 15



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STOCK SPLITS

Dutch Output Fell 2.6%

Reuters
THE HAGUE — The Dutch seasonally adjusted industrial production index, base 1975, fell 2.6 percent to 110 in September from August and was 2.6 percent lower than in September 1981, the Centeral Stratistics Office, reported

tral Statistics Office reported

Non Banks

33% of U.S. Families Admit Alcohol Problem The Associated Press
NEW YORK - One-third of

Americans say that alcohol abuse is a problem in their families, according to a Gallup Poll released Monday.

The poll showed that 81 percent of the 1,566 adults surveyed said that alcohol abuse was a national problem; 79 percent said alcoholism was a disease that should be treated in a hospital and 33 per-cent said drinking had been a cause of trouble in their family.

Highs and Lows HEW LOWS-

Italy's Output Rebounds **After August Holiday**

London Metals

Remore

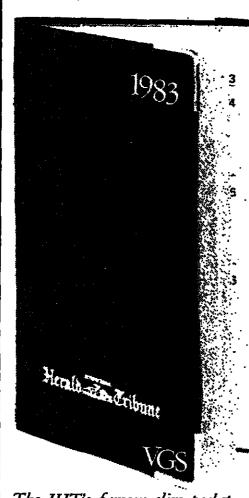
ROME — Italy's industrial output, seasonally adjusted, rose 20.3 percent in September after a 19.6-percent fall in August, Istat. the national statistics institute, said Monday. But Istat's index, at 130.4, was still 5.9-percent down from the September 1981 level.

Government economists said the sharp rise chiefly reflected the return to normal working conditions in September after the August holiday. Istat has said the August figures were "more or less meaning-

were "more or less meaning less" because of to the virtual clo sure of major factories during that month.

International Herald Tribune

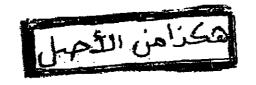
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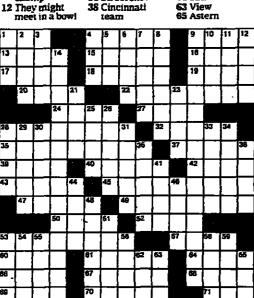
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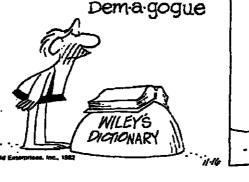
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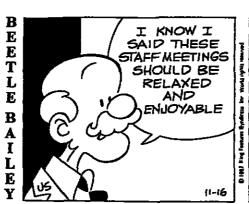












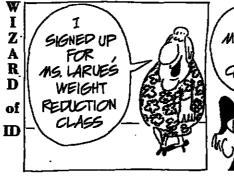








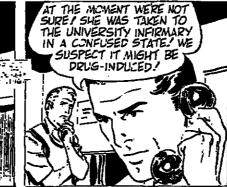




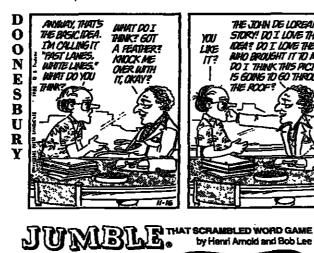












Unscramble these four Jumbles

SUMOY

RADOH

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Print answer here:



TRICK THAT

TAKES US IN.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Jumbles: VERVE HIKER INNATE ATOMIC

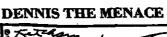
Imprimé par Offprint, 73 rue de l'Evangile, 75018 Paris

Answer: They might be shown with a smile—TEETH

(Answers tomorrow)









"HOW DOES THE SAYIN' GO, MR. HALL? 'NEITHER RAIN NOR SNOW NOR SLEET NOR ... '?"

BOOKS

MARSHLAND BRACE: Two Louisiana Stories By Chris Segura, 289 pp. \$14.95

Louisiana State University Press, Baton Rouge, La., 70803

Reviewed by Jason Berry

FOR ROUGHLY a decade now, writers and oral historians from Sun Belt states have sharpened the American sensitivity to regionalism. Outside the Manhattan media grid, a range of expressions has surfaced, reflecting what it means to be Amencan, yet with rooted values in older cultures. Indian spiritualism weaves through Chicano literature of Texas, New Mexico and California, Mississippi has embraced the black blues. In southern parishes of Louisiana, called Acadiana, the old French patous endures amidst a flourishing music revival, with filmmakers in tow.

By its nature, regionalism poses barriers to the novelist. One writer's local fascination may bore readers many states away. Accents and dialects do not always travel smoothly Crudely put, the gamble of regional art is whether the writer is good enough to make his home turf inter-

esting to people far removed.

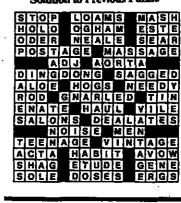
In choosing south Louisiana as the setting for "Marshland Brace." Chris Segura couldn't go much farther: the Gallic folk communities of tropical bayous and marshes lie literally at the bottom of the United States. Segura's two stories — 2 70-page novella and a 214-page novel — focus on semiliterate people who hunt and fish in primordial forests, as their ancestors did. The time could be today — or in some year before television. These are not primitive people, but the outside world as we know it does not intrude. By stripping away convenient refer-ences to modern daily life, Segura plunges the reader into the world of his backwoods characters. It is an intensely-conveyed world in which man and his surroundings form a common web, the fabric of connecting

In "Tranasse" (Marsh Passage), the narrator is an old man, Josef Di-manche, a widower whose exterior has hardened through years of hunting and skinning animals. When a crazed neighbor murders his family and disappears into the marsh, the old man's daughter begs him to stay in town. He brusquely dismisses her, goes into the marsh and soon is on the trail of the

"Upon the highest point of the bay-ou ridge, I turned my pirogue over, stowed beneath it the grass and my gun, and crawled under its protection to await the rain. It came quickly. I lay in darkness like a turtle in his shell and listened to the heavy drops. Such sound would make good cover for my hunting, but an old man in the marsh must use wisdom. A wet skin in the winter marsh is foolishness unforgivable."

Wisdom recedes, tension builds as Dimanche burrows deeper into the marsh. The totality of surroundings is reminiscent of "An Occurrence at Owl Creek Bridge," how man melds into the expanse of nature, blurring his faculties. The old man remembers the day his son drowned in the marsh,

Solution to Previous Puzzle



how his wife was permanently altered thereafter. By the time he takes aim at his prey, too much in Dimanche has changed. His own past has caught up with him. Killing, second nature to his livelihood, is now the hardest of things to do.

"Les Perdues" (The Lost Ones) is the story of Leland Vistor, a boy reaching puberty. He leaves school to you his family for the winter hunting season in the marsh. There his educa-tion broadens. He works tide-by-side with his father and uncle and grand-father, laying the traps, aking petts, sitting salently when the money man comes to drink whiskey with his elders. and bargain for the week's catch.

Leland's rise de passage unfolds in rhythm with the march. His uncle abruptly demands that the boy be paid and accorded full treatment as a man, to his father's displeasure. A pitter struggle ensues between father and uncle, with Leland the displaced output of their wrath. The existence ject of their wrath. The exiptiony, when it comes, is violent, but not gratuitously so; a swiftly-paced encounter between the men and a wild bull.

The boy's awareness of himself in relation to the world grows in another direction. When an anthropologist visits the family, searching for Indian artifacts, Leland becomes his guide. Like the old man, Dimanche, in the first story. Leland's pourney into the marsh leads to a deeper, spiritual reckoning. His manbood has come at the price of formal education. The professor asks why the family won't speak French with him.

"Leland was embarrassed 'Mais, you speak, you, the other French, you, 'he said. The one what comes from books, from school, him. We understand, us, your English better, yes, So we speak English so you have a hard time understand us, yes. But us, we understand you good. It's better for us than the other way,

The virtue of Segura's work is the selective casting of a dialect, until now seldom recorded in popular literature, in a fashion which does not detrect from the terse narrative prose. Many first novelists from the South labor in Faulknerian echoes. Segura doem't waste words: his voice is much the stronger for it. "Marshland Brace" is regional in the best sense: an illuminating picture of people in a distant, mysterious environment, whose struggles reflect the human condition every bit as much as the nocturnal tales of television news.

Jason Berry is the author of "Amaz-ing Grace: With Charles Evers in Mis-sissippt," and has written for him Pour American publications. He is in Paris with the Journalists in Europe program, sponsored by the European Economic rımunily.

Islam Architecture Show Is Set by Venice Biennale The Associated Press

VENICE --- The second architectural exhibition of the Venice Biennale, opening Nov. 20, will be dedicated to the Islamic world, the organizers have

Principal exhibits will include studies of the design of mosques and bazaars and of major Islamic architects such as Sinan, the 16th-century Grand Architect of Suleiman the Magnifi-cent. The exhibition will be the first of its kind to be held. The previous architectural section of the Biennale exhibition was dedicated to postmodernism.

CHESS

By Robert Byrne

IN an era when positional play and defense dominate, Alexander Belyavsky of the Soviet Union stands out as an old-fashioned master of attack. Observe the brilliant way he de-molished Bent Larsen's Caro-Kam Defense in the sixth round of the allgrandmaster Interpolis International Tournament in Tilburg, The Nether-

The traditional answer to 11 B-B4 would have been 11 . . . Q-R4ch; 12 B-Q2, Q-B2; 13 0-0-0, KN-B3; 14 N-K4, 0-0-0; P-KN3, N-B4; 16 NxN/4, BxN; 17 Q-B4, B-Q3, with a slight advantage in space for White, as in the game between Ljubomir Ljubojevich and Anatoly Karpov in Linares, 1981. However, Larsen was aiming for a different set-up.

The move 13 N-K5 was originated

Mitcheil Tal

by Belyavsky against Mikhail Tal, U.S.S.R., 1981. Tal avoided 13... NxN; 14 PxN. QxQ; 15 RxQ, N-Q4; 16 B-Q2, P-QN4 because he thought that White would have had superior mobility in the ending with 17 N-K4.

Larsen has been successfully using the advance with 13... P-R4 and 14... P-R5 in several games, the idea being to disrupt the white king position with 15... P-R6. He surely was not ready for Belyavsky's stunding offer of a knight with 15 M6. ning offer of a knight with 15 N-N6! Accepting the piece with 15. PxN would have allowed 16 QxPch, K-Bi; 17 RxP, Q-K1; 18 N-Bi, QxQ; 19 PxQ, N-Q4 (19 ... B-Mi) N5: 20 P-QB3, B-R4; 21 B-Q6ch, K-N1; 22 R-K?! sets up a devastating threat of 23 RxPmate); 20 RxB!. NxR; 21 B-Q6, with White getting two pawns and overwhelming posi-

tional superiority for the exchange.

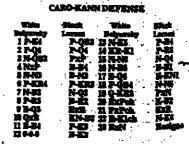
After 15 . . . N-Q4; 16 N-B5!, Belyavsky threatened 17 NxPmate. Now 17 NxPrimate. Now 16... BPxN; 17 NxPch, K-B2; 18 QxPch, K-N1 leads to 19 NxPmate, while 16... KPxN; 17 NxB, NxB; 18 NxPch, K-B1; 19 Q-R3ch wins the black queen.

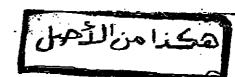
Belyavsky was not interested in winning the exchange with 17 NxR, NxB; 18 Q-KN3, but this would have won, too. His 17 B-Q61 invited the suicidal 17 . . . BxB?; 18 NxBmate, and once again his knight was immune, since 17 . . . PxN?; 18 NxPch!, K-B2; 19 QxPch, K-N1; 20 NxPch forces mate NxPch forces mate. After 17 . . . R-KN1: 18 P-QB4.

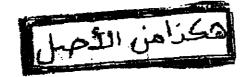
Larsen still had to keep hands off the Larsen still had to keep hands oft the knight because of 18 ... PxN; 19 RxPch, K-B2; 20 PxN, NPxP (20 ... Q-N-ch; 21 P-B4, QxN; 22 PxPch forces 22 ... QxP; 23 QxQmate); 21 N-K7!, P-KN3; 22 Q-B3ch, K-N2; 23 RxPch, K-R2; 24 RxR, after which Black's heavy loss of material and indefensible king would have forced his resignation.

bave forced his resignation.
Only after Belyavsky's 19 Q-KR3
— threatening 20 NxPl, PxN; 21
RxPch! — did Larsen try
19 . . . PxN in desperation. The roof
fell in at once with 20 RxPch, K-B2;
21 PxPch! K-P. a combine mode see 21 PxPch!, KxR, a crushing rook sac-rifice that forced the black king into the open.

On Belyavsky's 22 R-Kich, there was no salvation in 22 ... K-B3 because 23 N-R41 denies any defense. After 23 BxN, there was no reason-After 23 BxN, there was no reasonable defense to the threat of 24 NxNPch, K-K2; 25 Q-K6mate. For example: 23 ... N-Q6ch; 24 K-N!!, NxB; 25 RxNch, K-Q2 (25 ... K-B3; 26 N-K7! permits no defense to the threat of 27 Q-B5mate or 27 Q-B3 mate); 26 NxNPch, K-Q3; 27 P-B5ch. K-B2; 28 N-K6ch wins the queen. Larsen knew it, and gave up.







SPORTS The Rookie Runner and the 5-Mile Wall

By George Vecsey

New York Tones Service

NEW YORK — He decided to run the first

care in his life after witnessing the New York City Marathon last month.

He felt such admiration for the ordinary sizis and shapes plodding home in four or five

After watching Alberto Salazar and Rodolfo Gomez battle for many miles, he told himself he would train in honor of the great Salazar and the great Gomez.

Call him lorge. His nom de sneaker will proteet him the way Floyd Patterson's false mus-tache let him disappear after one of the Sonny

He knows he knows, that the idea of race maning is to enjoy oneself, but he does not want to look like a fool in his hometown. where the annual five-mile Port Washington Thanksgiving Day Race has become one of the biggest social and athletic events of the year. It is hard to escape the impact of the race. now in its seventh year. Many of the energies ith paol and activism, gournet cooking, child rearand a migrand school-board feuds are now directed to
imming. The world is divided between People
who Run and People Who Don't.

This group who kun and record that the Long Island Rail an ambas Road and at dinner parties. ("Oh, I don't eat Road and at dumer parties. (On, I con I can can be made meat since I started to run.") As soon as becomes a ride weather turns cool, more people start training on the so-called "rolling hills" of the glacing since a result of the so-called "rolling hills" of the glacing since a res

s journey ally sculptured North Shore.

depending a life continued room shore.

Jorge started training seriously two weeks anhead has soone has pains in his legs, and he sleeps a mul characteristic for the hast pains in the last limited by his business of the had always maintained there was he had always maintained there was embartism ness, but he had always maintained there was ak you he never a chance to train for the Thanksgiving said. The race.

This fall his excuse vanished, courtesy of Ed

is long that This fall us cause vaniant, corball League

New York Times Service

samo wrestler, but rather a doctor

who played for Canada in the 1980

Gregg had gone to Japan's socalled amateur league two years ago, hired by the six-month season

Randy Greeg, M.D.

Olympics and is now an intern at the Royal Alexandra Hospital in

Edmonton.

معاده ا بدار ان

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speak Lagrey Association.

Speak Lagrey Association.

Speak Lagrey Association.

Speak Lagrey With no pro football, Jorge has been able to the understant; count on no 12-hour Sundays, no traffic jams,

no crowds, no wretched stadium food, no flights to Buffalo in snow squalls, no achingly unbearable clichés from football coaches. Ed Garvey and the NFL owners have given him the impossible - a month of Sundays, an au-

tunn of living like a human being.
On Thanksgiving morning, he will dedicate his first race to Ed Garvey.
He does not want to let Garvey down. He does not want to be the last runner to finish.

He has this vision of police cars out looking for him, his wife and children weeping near the finish line. It is late afternoon, shadows are falling, and he is plodding the fifth and final mile somewhere out on the course.

Such is the phobia of a 43-year-old who has ompeted hard in soccer, basketball and tennis in his life, and will now enter his first foot race. After entering his hometown race, he sought some running tips from his friend, The Gunner. (The nickname dates from their backcourt days, when The Gunner would short, "Over here, big guy. Over here!") The Gunner's advice was simple: "Whatever

u do, don't run too fast on the first mile. Let all the good runners get out first, and just run your pace. You'll do fine." That's easy for The Gunner to say. He runs half-marathons and has never finished last.

Jorge's first training step was to discover his pace, 11 minutes a mile on the high school track, dodging fleet runners from the girls' high His next step was his favorite two-and-a-

half-mile course, through woods and with glimpses of stone walls and gray water that al-ways make him feel he is in Normandy. He did that in 26 minutes.

Now he had to expand his personal "wall," of two and a half miles, the barrier of pain and boredom he has never enjoyed crossing. One morning be took off on a course that had no shortcuts and that committed him to covering at least four miles. He ran 44 minutes until he stopped, exhausted. He found out later the sperature had been 77 degrees Farenheit (25 Celsius). He vowed not to do that again.

On a recent Sunday he tackled the Thanksgiving course itself, minus one half-mile leg ("If you can do four in practice, you can do five in the race," The Gunner had told him.) He made a mistake and started late, after noon, when the narrow roads were clogged with Sunday runners and Sunday drivers, play-

ing a dangerous game of "chicken."

The football strike has created a monster on the highways. U.S. football fans no longer have any excuse for gaping at the tube on Sunday afternoon.

Their wives can now say, "It's a beautiful day, there's no football, why don't we take a

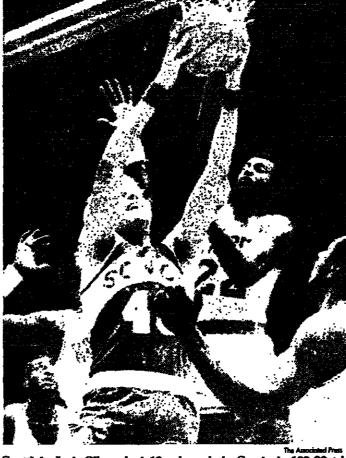
drive out on the Island?" Sunday drivers. Every time their wives spotted a beautiful house or a vivid cardinal or particularly striking autumn foliage, the drivers would take a glance and consequently swerve across the narrow roadway. Jorge had never felt so vulnerable, facing traffic, hugging the roads with no sidewalks and no shoulders

Cadillacs, as usual, were the most offensive, followed by sports cars. Datsuns and Volvos were the least threatening. He could feel himself being crushed by some Cadillac into one of those stone pseudo-Norman walls, and he began to develop Charles Bronson-like urges against some of the Sunday drivers.

But there were compensations. Covering longer distances on foot brought Jorge through a valley where he had never walked before. As he passed a tiny church, he saw the all-black congregation streaming out after the service, and he heard one elderly man say in the gentle accent of the South, "Well, I believe I'll be moving on." The setting reminded Jorge of other days, when he often visited churches in the rural South, and he felt a wave of nostalgia.

Toward the end of his run, Jorge noticed he was constantly being passed by runners. Trim young men and women zipped past him, children passed him, and more than a few plodding middle-aged men and women passed him. He, however, passed nobody. He finished the four-and-a-half-mile run in 48 minutes, happy and sweaty and achy and hungry and thirsty and all that good stuff.

Everything was fine except the part about passing nobody. He will have to ask The Gunner about that.



Seattle's Jack Sikma had 13 rebounds in Sunday's 102-99 triumph in Houston. The 10-0 'Sonics are the NBA's only unbeaten team; the Rockets (0-8) are the only team without a victory.

NBA Standings

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Ottawa, Winnipeg Gain **CFL's Divisional Finals**

HAMILTON, Ontario — Backup quarterback Kevin Starkey and running back Skip Walker led the Ottawa Rough Riders to a 30-20 upset victory over the Hamilton Tiger-Cats here Sunday, advancing Ottawa to the finals of the Canadian Football League's Eastern Divi-

sion playoffs.
In the Western Division semifinal, the Winnipeg Blue Bombers sent the Calgary Stampeders pack-ing with a 24-3 home-field victory. In next Sunday's divisional finals, Ottawa will face the Argo-nauts in Toronto while Winnipeg will take on the Eskimos in Edmonton, Alberta. The survivors will meet in Toronto a week later for the league championship.

This is the second straight year that Coach George Brancato has brought an underdog Ottawa team into Ivor Wynne Stadium and stunned Hamilton. Last season's upset came in the Eastern finale. For Ottawa, which has not won

a regular-season contest from Hamilton in the last two years, it was the fifth playoff victory in a row over their Eastern rivals. The Tiger Cats' last post-season win over Ottawa came during a homeand-home series in 1972, the year they last won the Grey Cup.

The Rough Riders, who finished third in the East with a 5-11 wonlost record, trailed, 17-3, at half-time against heavily-favored Hamilton, which finished second in the East behind Toronto with an 8-7-1

Walker, with the help of a charged-up offensive line, carried the ball 30 times for a record 253 yards, eclipsing the previous league playoff mark of 204 set by Saskatchewan's George Reed in

the 1967 Western final at Calgary. Walker, the CFL's leading rusher, turned in the third-best single-game performance ever by a running back in league history. "I don't think I have anything to prove to anybody," said Walker, 28, of his performance. "I just

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still the best back in Canada."

Walker's 14-yard touchdown run with 4:21 left capped the spectacular comeback. Starkey, who re-placed started Chris Isaac in the second quarter, had ran five yards early in the fourth quarter for what proved to be the decisive touch-

The Tiger-Cats got their lone touchdown on a 10-yard pass from quarterback Tom Clements to wide receiver Keith Baker. Bernie Ruoff kicked field goals of 32, 13, 46 and 22 yards and a 52-yard sin-

In Winnipeg, the Stampeders took a 3-0 lead on J.T. Hay's 17yard field goal 34 seconds into the second quarter, but that was all that a stubborn Blue Bomber defense allowed.

Before the quarter ended, Trevor Kennerd tied it with a 20-yard field goal, Dieter Brock hit Dan Huclack with a five-yard touchdown pass. Kennerd kicked a 64yard single, Brock found James Murphy for a 12-yard touchdown pass and Kennerd added a 47-yard field goal for a 21-3 Winnipeg lead at halftime.

A key play came late in the third quarter, when Winninger stopped Calgary after the Stampeders had a first-and-goal at the Blue Bomber 3-yard line.

Kennerd, who missed four field goals last week when the Blue Bombers lost, 24-21, to Hamilton. thereby missing a chance to clinch first place in the West, completed the scoring with a 23-yard field goal late in the game.

Edmonton and Winnipeg fin-

ished in a first-place tie at the end of regular-season play, both with 11-5 records.

The Eskimos got the top posi-tion and home-field advantage in the final because they outscored the Bombers, 59-49, in the two games between the clubs.

The total-points system was necessary because Edmonton and Winnipeg split their season series.

All the time he could feel Sather a gusher, charming fans around under the league with the Wayne Gretzky THE SAME NEW YORK - After the Edclosing in on him. Sather is an ad-Show, but then they were blown out by Los Angeles in the first Sens a monton Oilers sprang a leak in the sens to at Stanley Cup playoffs last spring. venturer who goes on African safaris. Ask him about his bockey team and he'll talk about a current the would go to the end of the earth expedition to Mount Everest. Overconfidence, some players said. Inexperience, said others. Said Sather: Too small. He wanted Sather doesn't need much excuse of perpleman to find new defenders. to flash his passport and take off. At the end of the 1980-81 season, TO COREST WINE He went about as far as a hockthe county of coach can go, sending away to the county apan, for a defender who might thep patch up the holes. He did not recruit a samurai warrior or a

he went from Edmonton to Tokvo to see Greez. "I'm not saying I don't like saki and rice, too, but I went just to see

Randy," Sather says, Gregg liked playing in the six-team league, where players are paid well by large corporations. To maintain his amateur standing, he thinks he was listed as an assistant

hotel manager. But in his second year in Japan, Gregg admits, he was thinking that allowed him to pursue his about the NHL Sather, who had medical career. He spent one year kept Gregg's name in the Oiler enick as assistant coach and one year as computer, called him again after as a professional, Gregg has not head coach while expected to be Edmonton's debacle in the stopped thinking of himself as a the Bobby Orr of Japan, a scorer playoffs last spring. The young doctor.

arate talks over the weekend with

management negotiator Jack Don-lan and union chief Ed Garvey.

Meanwhile, Donlan said he has

told mediator Sam Kagel that he

sees no reason to have another meeting with Garvey. Kagel re-cessed the latest round of bargain-

At that time, Donlan made what

he called a "bottom-line offer" -

a package the owners valued at

\$1.313 billion over four years,

starting in 1983, and \$60 million in

bonus money in 1982. The union

has asked for \$1.1 billion over

Donlan conferred Sunday with

Asked if he felt the best interests

of the league were being served in

Donlan's rejecting Kagel's propos-al to restart the talks, Sullivan re-

plied: "Absolutely. The meetings we've had were a waste of time.

Chuck Sullivan, owner of the New

England Patriots and chairman of

the owners' executive committee.

three years, starting in 1982.

ing Nov. 6.

big, experienced defendsemen, and Gregg, at 6-feet-4 and 216 pounds, looked good to him.

"I knew it had to be this year or next," Gregg said. "I thought I could learn something first-hand about orthopedics while playing hockey.

A hockey clubhouse is not a bad place to study medicine, particularly the recuperative aspect of young toughs from the north country who can take 10 stitches and skate back for the pext period. While playing against Guy Lafleur and Mike Bossy for the first time

were inspired by an enthusiastic crowd, and about 200 fans rushed onto the field and tore

down the goalposts here after

Washington beat Arizona

Not much new in any of that

- except that the game was

played in Tempe, Arizona. Nearly 13,000 fans crowded

into Hec Edmundson Pavilion

and spilled over into Husky

Stadium here to watch the

game on closed-circuit TV

screens. And speakers placed next to the Huskies' bench at

Sun Devil Stadium in Tempe

relayed the noise generated by

Washington received special

approval to telecast the game,

because Arizona State is on

NCAA probation and is forbid-

den to appear on live television

The victory put Washington one step away from the Pacific-

10 Conference championship

and its third consecutive trip to

the Rose Bowl

the rooters back home.

State, 17-13, Saturday night.

Sezura's and Dr. Gregg, Defenseman, May Be the Oilers' Rx who has been able to combine sports and medicine. Bobby Brown of the Yankees and Ernie Vandeweghe of the Knicks were two who succeeded, and George (Doc) Medich recently retired as an old pitcher but a young orthopedist.

Socrates, the graceful Brazilian soccer hero, is a graduate of medi-cal school who does not act as a doctor during the season, partially because he wants to seem just like any other player. Gregg sees Socrates's point of view, but says: "A couple of guys have asked me a few general questions and I answer

Gregg says he would not hesi-tate to help anybody with a medi-cal problem. "If I was in that position, I'd want somebody to help me," he says. But he knows that 'I'm here as a hockey player, not a doctor. I-don't use six-svllable words to explain medical issues. I can use four-letter words as well as anyone. I like going out and havwith the guys.

So far this season, Gregg has scored two goals and has had three assists - and has been charged with a relatively low 10 minutes in penalties. He seems to be finding his game at the same rate as the Oilers, who are improving after a

After coaching a team in Japan, Gregg finds himself a 26-year-old rookie on one of the youngest teams in the league. He says: "I'm very passive here. My job is to play defense. When I'm around a while, maybe I can show some leader-

His boisterous young teammates probably don't worry much about leadership. Gregg can speak softly as long as he carries an effective stick. The occasional medical tips

NHL Standings WALES CONFERENCE

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French Team is Named For Final of Davis Cup The Associated Press

PARIS - Yannick Nosh, Henri Leconte, Thierry Tulasne and Gilles Moretton were named Monday to the French team that will face the United States in the Davis Cup final Nov. 26-28 in Grenoble.

Jean-Paul Loth, who announced the team, said Noah will play in the singles as well as in the doubles with Leconte. The decision on who will be the second singles player will be made next week, Loth said, adding that the candidates are Leconte and Tulasne.

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EXPLORED HONOR HON

would have to the 26 player report of approval however.

It is a speciation, said Sungary association, said Sungary association, said Sungary in a special player reps. had the total special player reps. had the players were taken."

Donly that negotiations would that players side. "I have will meet so the players side."

The players side. "I have well meet so the position the position the position to the position to the position that the position the position to th she committee would have to put They created feelings in the Ians and players that something was happening when, in fact, nothing was happening."

NFLPA Reportedly Seeking To Break Impasse in Strike The Associated Press
NEW YORK — While there is The New York Times reported donday that a player at union

The New York Times reported

demined said NFL PLayers As-contion was "preparing a pack-

And The New York Daily News

poned that the six-man execu-

we committee of the NFLPA

Mored Sunday to accept the general

ART BUCHWALD The Football Reunion

WASHINGTON -- Our Washington Redskin car pool
had a sentimental reunion the
other night and it was amazing

leaves, painting the kitchen. I
make a living."

Valenti said he had gone back to
playing with his kids. how many guys showed up. We hadn't seen each other since the asked him. last Philadelphia Eagles game in 1981. Some of us brought our a station wagon heading for the wives, a few their kids, and one or stadium I wanted to get in it. But

two new girlinends. Most of us had lost some hair, except for Stevens who showed everyone his new transplant. Valenti had a bit of paunch on him, but still looked fit. Geyelin said in spite of arthritis he could sail his boat, and Bradlee complained of back trouble.

But none of us were as young as we were in the glory days of '81, when Califano, our all-pro station wagon driver, led us to victory Sunday after Sunday by ignoring every red light from Chevy Chase to the RFK Stadium.

It was really good to see the old bunch. Most of us had done very well, especially Rene Carpenter who had married a handsome, wealthy contractor from George-

Holbrook was still collecting compensation from Califano's insurance company after Califano tried to sidewipe an ambulance taking an injured Dallas lineman to the hospital for X-rays.

Harwood's leg had completely healed from the Redskin-Cardinal game, when Califano backed into him while he was trying to get into the car in the RFK parking lot, and Dalinsky said he no longer suffered the whiplash injuries he sustained when Califano ran off the embankment of the Rock Creek parkway.

As with all reunions of this type, everyone tried to catch up on the could remember his name. other person's life.

"What are you doing on Sundays since you left the car pool?" I asked Bradlee. "Chopping firewood, raking ton team.

New Japan 'Bullet Train'

The Associated Press TOKYO - Japan's newest "bullet train began service Monday between Tokyo and Niigata. The new line cuts across a mountainous area lying between the Japan Sea coast and the Pacific coast, and runs through 23 tunnels, including the world's longest, the 22.2-kilometer (13.8-mile)

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playing with his kids. "Don't you miss the games?" I

"I did at first. Every time I saw now I don't think about it much unless it's a nice fall day and the leaves are turning red. Then I think of the Redskinettes

waving their pompoms and kicking their legs in the air and I want Stevens said that after he left the

car pool he took up tennis. "It's no substitute for sitting in the stands watching a football game, but it's still better than helping Liz around the house on Sunday afternoon."

Geyelin said he bought a computer and is now doing an inventory of everything he owns in his house. And Holbrook spends all

his time reading the classified ads

in the Sunday newspaper. The saddest story was Califano's. Every Sunday at 12 o'clock sharp he gets into his car and drives to RFK Stadium alone. He said he just sits in the parking lot for three hours and then drives

We asked him why he did it. "I want to be ready in case the NFL strike is ever settled." No one had the heart to tell him that football as we knew it was fin-

And then, as usually happens at reunions after you ask each person how he is and retell the same old war stories, the party got maudlin.

ished, and our lives would never be

We toasted the quarterback of the Redskins, though nobody Then Dalinsky and Valenti got into an fistfight over whether

Mark Mosley was a running back or the place kicker of the Washing-Califano turned bitter and com-

plained that in 14 years of driving us to the games no one had ever offered to pay for a gallon of gas. As the evening got late and the wine bottles got empty, we all vowed that we'd meet in 10 years or when the strike was settled, whichever came first. But we all knew whatever it was that brought us together was over. As Marcel Proust once said, "Once you break up a football car pool, you can't go home again.'

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Sculptor Louise Bourgeois

A New York Retrospective Brings a Loner Into Focus

By Michael E. Brenson New York Times Scruce

NEW YORK — Although Louise Bourgeois has been a respected, if not revered figure in the New York art world since her first one-person show in 1945, widespread interest in her work is relatively recent. Partly because of her discretion and aversion to self-promotion, parily because she has been carried along by her own current, outside the mainstream of modernism, she has had no one-person museum show and she has not been the subject of a major publication.
With the retrospective until

Feb. 8 at the Museum of Modern Art, however, the public at large finally is getting a comprehensive look at the work of this 71-yearold French-born American painter-sculptor whose vigilant sleep-ing figures, watchful, protective lairs, and plaster breasts that look like nestling rubber bombs are part of the scuptural lore of the postwar era. The exhibition, called simply

"Louise Bourgeois," includes more than 100 works, ranging from the paintings and drawings done soon after the artist's arrival in the United States in 1938 through marble sculptures on which she was working only last month. There is a great variety of materials, from latex to steel, which the artist uses to "reconstruct" and liberate berself from feelings bound to her early life. As with a number of the Surrealists, by whom she was influenced. Bourgeois's work is not quite figurative, not quite abstract, but inhabits some in-between realm where nothing is stated, and all that has been seen and known, ideally, runs together.

Bourgeois sees the retrospective as she sees each of her works, as an end and a beginning. "I am delighted with the show. It's a step and then you go beyond the step and are ready to start again."
In her Chelsea house, with its bare, wood floors, unadorned furniture and lovingly untended garden ("I am very proud of it") that could not be further from the for-mal gardens of her native country, she talked about other beginnings and ends and the special intimacy between her life and work.

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"Ouarantania L" 1947-53.

Paris in 1911. When she was a child, the family moved to Antony, a southern suburb of Paris, on the Bièvre River, and in a "big rambling house" began to restore 16th- and 17th-century tapestries, many of which had been used to

"Suddenly I was useful," she said. "The bottoms of the tapestries had been eaten away by the urine of animals, and a draftsman was needed to draw back the feet, up to the knees, of all the people, as well as the legs of the furniture. I started this at the age of 10. This was my job. My parents overdid their compliment

Just as decisive for her future was the presence in her home of a young English woman who would both teach her the language in

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which she "overcame" her "personal problems" and contribute to a situation that she would try to exorcise in her work ever since. Under the guise of teaching me English, my father imported an English girl three or four years older than me, who became my father's mistress and lived in my family for 10 years. My mother said: 'I don't particularly like this woman in the house, but it's better to know what he is doing." The episode is one to which Bourgeois has returned often, in works like the "Fallen Women," or the 1978 "Empty Houses" — tablelike constructions which seem to be on the verge of collapse.

The past may be Bourgeois's major theme. Few 20th-century artists have thought as much about the power of the past, and been as conscious of its creative and destructive potential. "The subject continually interests me," she said. "There is no end ot it. Why is the past so troubling? What is your motivation? Why do you work so hard? There is not so sch in it for you, and it is such a high-risk venture."

In school she studied philosophy and mathematics before she mally studied art. In the mid-1930s, she attended several art schools, and worked with a number of distinguished teachers, among them Fernand Léger and the poster designer Paul Colin. She credits Léger with awakening in with giving her the strength to think for herself and follow her own path. "His school was full of beautiful, talented young foreigners. This, for me, was a revelation. We were all marginals there and and suddenly I thought it was wonderful to be marginal."

In many ways, her work is rooted in the Paris of the '30s. Most of the artists with whom her work has been identified, Giacometti, Brancusi, Hepworth, Arp, Miró and Moore, were living or known in Paris, where the art world at the time was dominated by the Surrealists. Her interest in organic forms, metamorphosis, and primitive art, her personal approach, psychological awareness, and sense of the past, all suggest Surrealist concerns. So does her consistent combining of male and

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Bourgeois on the material: "It's a fight to the finish."

female elements which for her, as for Giacometti, is a means of conveying her sense of a dense paradoxical world that refuses to be known or broken down into cate-

In 1938, Bourgeois met the art historian Robert Goldwarer, in Paris doing research on his "Primitive and Modern Art." "He told me his father had never been unfaithful to his mother," she said to the art. critic Paul Gardner. "I couldn't believe this was true, but it made me interested in him." They married and went to the United States, where they would have three children and where she has lived since.

Although Bourgeois has remained for the most part a loner, she was an active participant in the New York art world in the golden years of American art just after World War II. She exhibited in group shows with Pollack, de Kooning and many of the painters who would become known as the Abstract Expressionists. She knew Breton and Miró and the other Surrealist refugees who arrived in New York during the war. With her friends Le Corbusier and the well known painter Amédée Ozenfant ("he was a end."

great man") she worked in Hayter's print workshop, Atelier 17, producing a series of engrav-ings called "He disappeared into complete silence" that is in the

The freedom and sense of pos-

sibility that New York artists felt

during those postwar years surely

rabbed off on her. in the '50s Bourgeois began to work with new materials. "In wood you are limited to carving and you can not make mistakes," she said. There is much more freedom with poured materials and modeling and assembling." Whatever the formal considerations, the creative process, for her, begins with an impulse. "I want to express an emotion, usually between two people." The emotion leads her to a particular material. Her relationship with the material suggests as well as anything the kind of artist she is. "People always mention the material and the material means nothing to me. The material usually exists only in resistance. It's a fight to the finish, but my fight is not with the material, it's with my inner resistance, my inner abilities. The material is just a means to an

PEOPLE

Sir Sacheverell Situell Marks 85th Birthday

Sir Sacheverell Sliwell, poet, art critic and last survivor of a (amoun trio of writers, was \$5 Monday. Sitwell told the Times of London at his country home near Towers, ter, Northamptonshire, "One only lives once, but it has been so enjoy. able and so frightfully interesting.

The fact that I cannot have it again is quite distressing." His books include 55 volumes of poetry and works on Baroque art, architecture and travel. Sitwell said he had ful-filled a dehire of his youth to see filled a desire of his youth to see every beautiful place and thing in the world. He rated Vanice first and the temples of Angkor Wat in Cambodis second, as the most beautiful things; revealed that be prefers Spain to Italy, and consider ers champagae "one of the greatest inventions of human beings."

Rudolf Noreyev has signed three-year contract as director of the Paris Opera ballet that will involve him both in performing and choreography, starting in November 1983. The contract specifies in performances a year by Nurvey, and that he be present in Paris in months out of 12, according to his agent. An Opera spokesman said that Nurvey, would share overall responsibility for the ballet with Theory Fouquet, the present ad-ministrator. The ballet is currently directed by Rosella Hightoner,

Empress Zita, the last of the Hapsburg royal family, returned to Vienna for the first time since (leoing Austria 64 years ago. The frail, 90-year-old former monarch attended a special mass at St. Stephan's Cathedral celebrated by Cardinal Franz König. Outside 2,000 well-wishers applicated her arrival. Empress Zita and her hushand, Emperor Chartes L, fled Vienna on Nov. 2, 1918. Charles died in 1922 and Zita has spent the rest of her life at a Swiss convent.

Dominique Fernandez won the Prix Goncourt for his novel "Dans la main de l'ange" (In the Angel's Hand) and Georges-Officer Chateameyasad received the Prix Re-naudot for "La Faculté des songes" (Dreaming), Fernander, 53, is also a literary critic and professor of Italian. His novel has as its central character the late Italian film director Pier-Paolo Pasolini. Chateaureynaud, 35, has published two previous novels and a book of short stories.

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